CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW

THE CENTRE'S MISSION IS TO PREPARE YOUNG, WELL-EDUCATED AND SKILLED SPECIALISTS IN EASTERN ISSUES FROM POLAND AND OTHER COUNTRIES IN THE REGION, FOR THE PURPOSES OF ACADEMIA, THE NATION AND PUBLIC SERVICE...







In introducing the history of Eastern Studies in Poland – which the modern day Centre for East European Studies UW is rooted in – it is necessary to name at least two of the most important Sovietological institutions during the inter-war period.



THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WARSAW, TEPPER PALACE, 7 MIODOWA STR. – PRESENTLY THE BUILDING DOES NOT EXIST (FOT. JAROSLAW ZIELINSKI'S ARCHIVE)

EAST EUROPEAN RESEARCH INSTITUTE IN WILNO (1930-1939)

The creation of the institute was initiated by a group of professors at Stefan Batory University in Wilno. The institute's main activity consisted of running the School of Political Science – three-year academic studies, whose most important elements were readings and lectures by national and foreign specialists. Its goal was the education and training of national teaching personnel, especially those working in eastern provinces of Poland.

Within the framework of the scholarly activity of the East European Research Institute, academic studies on the Soviet system were divided into three areas of research: the Soviet economy, Soviet state legislation and national minority issues. The most important and influential members of the institute included, among others: Stefan Ehrenkreutz, Stanisław Swianiewicz, Władysław Wielhorski, Seweryn Wysłouch and Wiktor Sukiennicki.

EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WARSAW (1926-1939)

The Institute's main task was ideological development of young people and propagating the ideas of the Promethean movement. The Orientalist Youth Club (established by Włodzimierz Bączkowski and Władysław Pelc) played a significant part in the activation of young people, especially university students. Lectures and publishing activity were conducted.

One of the practical tasks of the Institute was to prepare its students for the governmental and diplomatic service in the East. The School of Eastern Studies operating as part of the Institute was regarded as the institution to provide a comprehensive training for specialists in Eastern issues and languages.

Outstanding specialists in Eastern and Oriental studies shared their knowledge with the Institute's students, among them: Stanisław Siedlecki, Stanisław Korwin-Pawłowski, Ryochu Umeda, Ayaz Ischaki, Witold Jabłoński, Hadżi Seraja Szapszał, Giorgi Nakashydze and others.



JAN KUCHARZEWSKI (1876-1952), CHAIRMAN OF THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WARSAW, AUTHOR OF THE 7-VOLUME WORK "OD BIALEGO CARATU DO CZERWONEGO"



COVER OF THE "WSCHÓD/ORIENT" JOURNAL PUBLISHED BY THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WARSAW, EDITOR-IN-CHIEF W. BĄCZKOWSKI (FOT. CHEEM DIGITAL LIBRARY)



WRÓBLEWSKI NATIONAL LIBRARY IN WILNO - THE LIBRARY HOUSED THE EAST EUROPEAN RESEARCH



STEFAN EHRENKREUTZ (1880-1945), CREATOR OF THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WILMO, WAS THE LAST HEAD OF STEFAN BATORY UNIVERSITY, HE DIED IN



SEWERYN WYSLOUCH (1900-1968), PROFESSOR AT THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WILNO. AFTER THE WAR, HE SERVED AS A PROFESSOR AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WROCLAW



LOGO OF THE SCHOOL OF POLITICAL SCIENCE RUN BY THE EAST EUROPEAN RESEARCH INSTITUTE IN WILNO



WIKTOR SUKIENNICKI (1901-1983), PROFESSOR OF THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WILNO, LATER IMPRISONED BY THE NKVD



STANISŁAW SWIANIEWICZ (1899-1997), PROFESSOR OI THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WILNO. HE WAS TAKEN PRISONER BY THE NKVD AND WAS A WITNESS TO THE KATYN MASSACRE



WEADYSEAW WIELHORSKI (1885-1967), DIRECTOR OF THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WILNO, IMPRISONED BY THE NKVD



STANISŁAW ŚIEDLECKI (1877-1939), CHAIRMAN OF THE EASTERN INSTITUTE IN WARSAW (1934-1939)





Inspiration for the Centre can also be found in the Sovietological research carried out after World War II, focused entirely within Polish émigré communities. It is especially worth noting the "Reduta" Eastern Institute in London, which published *The Eastern Review* and ran so-called "Eastern Courses" – a series of open lectures and scholarly meetings.

Jerzy Giedroyć has undoubtedly been the single most influential inspiration in the creation of the Centre for East European Studies. He was the creator and head of the émigré Institute of Literature, editor of the inordinately influential publication "Kultura", as well as the author of the "ULB" concept – a conviction that Poland must cooperate with Ukraine, Lithuania and Belarus, and that gaining independence by these countries, as well as good relations with Poland, are of key significance, not only in terms of the security of Poland, but indeed the entire region.

The Centre was created as a direct continuation of the work begun during the "Solidarność" (Solidarity) period (namely, $Ob\delta z$), which later carried over into underground publications, but also into scholarly-organizational work (the underground East European Institute).



JAN MALICKI VISITING JERZY GIEDROYĆ AT MAISONS LAFFITTE, 1990s

..

Tradycje surojejskiej "ruselegil" sa długie i wielostroste, a zapoczątkowała je jeszcze przed wiekani "szwoła nie -

W vyminu świch wojen światowych pierwsza polowa II wieku stała się świadkiem zjowian, które w spoodb naturalny maniary doprowadzić do wykaratecnia się calkiem nowej gałysi naukowej - sowietologii, w w jej rmanch wyrównia specj się szczególnie szoczy nagloszakiej /wielka Rytana, tima /żednoczone, Linaszoczy nagloszakiej /wielka Rytana, tima /żednoczone, Lina-

Byt to case powertawania tradycyjnie miemieckich institute für Gotforschung, a miesaletnie od mich, w wielu krujnch świata, katedr uniwersyteckich, momograficznych studiów, a nawet stowarzyszeń i prywatnych fundacji.

wyse upwavonys rooms nessowym i natermacyjnym od czerczierotu jut bliażo lat /a gdzie indziej i do ponał sześdziesięcia// brakuje wiziażu majbardziej salnteresowanych - którym came było snaleid się na wschód od nowej linii podniażu Dropy.

Polska, podobnie jak narody 2008 i te, valencem do "botem socialistyrnenej, poshadnom jest niektypowanej przeplywi informacji, w deć i śródeż sutentyzmej wieży o przewach frondowej i wechodnię jakropy, w atmosforme storowanych przekanów urmena jus trzecie pokolenie. Jawej jednosti gydijem jonna przeciętnie rzaklo miewają możność obowania z obiektywejej i wizygodojni oprocowaniami.

"Typicalminis value" scenar same starts as bettle postate in a 5 t u t 2 v c 5 v a c 5 of a 1 c 5 .
" "Obstat" hyde poslikowane minktúr s jago mniej obsamnych opracowań, przyskających tradejd ob initi testiyamej solających opracowań przyskających tradej ob initi testiyamej solających piana. Y miarą nai postępu pracyphoma opracowania włame i obce o dusej wartości pomacecej - udostępniame bęcą cytilalków w odrzbujek wydamnietwach martych.

Instytut Burepy Wach

DOCUMENT DECLARING THE CREATION OF THE UNDERGROUND EAST EUROPEAN INSTITUTE, 1983

EAST EUROPEAN INSTITUTE (1983-1985)

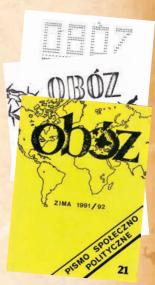
The foundation on which the Centre for East European Studies later built on was the East European Institute, established in autumn 1983 (Jan Malicki, as well as Jerzy Chmielewski, Stefan Rakowski i Jerzy Kumaniecki). Unfortunately, owing to the great difficulty in creating a regular academic-analytical institution underground – and especially due to the arrest of its creator – the initiative was forced to cease it activity for a number of years.

"OBÓZ" JOURNAL

The organisational and intellectual roots of the Centre for East European Studies stem from the underground journal $Ob\acute{o}z$ ('Camp', as in 'communist bloc') established in 1981 and edited throughout the 1980s by Jerzy Targalski, together with a small, sometimes changing group, which included Andrzej Ananicz, Kazimierz Stembrowicz, Marek Pernal, Wojciech Maziarski, Jan Malicki, Robert Bogdański, and later, also Leszek Hensel, Krzysztof Dębnicki, Jolanta Sierakowska-Dyndo, Grażyna Gyłybow and Iwanyczo Gyłybow. From its inception, $Ob\acute{o}z$, as stated in its sub-heading, focused on the "problems of nations in the communist bloc"



COVER AND TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE FIRST EDITION OF OBÓZ



FURTHER COVERS OF OBÓZ. VOLUMES 1-20 WERE PUBLISHED UNDERGROUND, WHILE FURTHER EDITIONS WERE PUBLISHED BY THE CENTRE FOR EACH PUBLISHED BY THE CENTRE FOR

BIO - INFORMATIONAL BULLETIN OF OBÓZ

BIO was published in 1985-1989. It prepared news bulletins for the underground press, which had an immense impact on the availability of news and information at the time. The editing team included: Z. and A. Ananicz, R. Bogdański, A. Jarosiński, W. Maziarski, K. Turlejski, K. Stembrowicz, A. Zambrowski and others.



ZONA WAS A PUBLICATION FOR COMMUNIST BLOC COUNTRIES NO. I, 1988. PUBLISHED IN HUNGARIAN AND CZECH. UKRAINIAN EDITION WAS NOT PUBLISHED



COVER OF "BIO -INFORMATION BULLETIN OF OBÓZ"





CREATION OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES



After 1989, it was decided that Obóz and its activities should be extended to include academic coursework, thus continuing the efforts of the underground Institute of Eastern Europe. In 1990, thanks to the kindness of the Institute of Oriental Studies at the University of Warsaw, the Seminar for Ethnic Problems of the Soviet Union and Central & Eastern Europe was established under the academic supervision of Professor Tadeusz Majda, an expert in Turkish issues. This new entity was initiated by Andrzej Ananicz, Jan Malicki, and supported by Tadeusz Majda. The Centre's first "headquarters" were located in the office of Prof. Majda, who became its first director.



FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: ZOFIA ANANICZ, PROF. TADEUSZ MAJDA, DR. ANDRZEJ ANANICZ

dr hab. Zbigniewa Słupskiego na yczajnego. dr hab. Krystyny Skartyńskiej -wofeora nadzwyczajnego. nab. Haliny Skważy na stanowisko doc.dr hab. heizhy jnego, doc.dr hab. Jana Izdebskiego na stan jo. of.dr hab. Stanisława Lecha Woronowicza wisko profesora zwyczajnego. doc.dr hab. Jana Izdebskiego na stanowisko

> dr hab. Jerzy Wilkin -Ośrodek Studiów Amerykańskich (docent na tiałe Nauk Ekonomicznych - dyrektor Ośrodka Studiów Amerykańskich, Wydział Pedagogiszny. prof.dr hab. Tadeusz Lewowicki - kierownik Katedry Dydaktyki. prof. dr hab. Issuessa-Yndrial Heoficialcodii. dee.dr hab. Tadeusz Majda Yndr. Marodowodciowych Zwiarku Radzieckiego i Europy Grodkow-Vachodniej.

OFFICIAL MINUTES FROM THE MEETING OF THE SENATE OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW ON 5 DECEMBER 1990, DURING WHICH THE CREATION OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES WAS UNANIMOUSLY ACCEPTED

Somewhat later, after the fall of the USSR, it was decided to change the name of the institute to the Centre for East European and Central Asian Studies. It was then modified to its current name – the Centre for East European Studies.

Projekt powożania Studium Problemów Narodowościowych Zwiasku Redsieckieso i Burcov Wachodniej

Tides providents system to the control of the contr

Obecnie widzimy potrzebę ującia w forzy czenizmojne wszyst-kich działań związanych ze współczesną croblematyką republik Zwiszku Radzieckiego, a tekse wybronych krajów Buropy Wachodniej i Brodkowej.

Radzieckiego, a texte wybronych krajów buropy Wachodniej i Brodkowy Zasadniczyw celem dzieżania Studium byłoby skumianie w jednym zespole, przy zachowaniu pułned dobrowolności, zasownické meukowych ródnych smecjalności zajmujących się "roblemytrka wmodzensznych zagminneś Zwijawa Radzieckiego i Buropy Wachodniej, za szezemólnym unrzjednienium problemów merodowościowych. Sądziey, że po okresie stomomentowanym madziakanied mauczajech, możne bodzie sodjać zespolowe badamia zczasgłowych problemów regionalnych i mongraficznych prze pokujecowych problemów regionalnych i mongraficznych prze pokujecowych problemów pokujecyme w zakres Studium. Bodania tmite prowdzone sp. ok kliwaliacjelu lat we wzystkich wiekszych eśrokokou nukrawy techtich i v instytucjach kymecjalizownych w problemotyce mowieckojącznej w wielu krajach Europy Zachodniej i Ameryki Półmocznej. Polaka jest zatwe odźnicze o tektkozmańcia lat w stomniu do Buropy Zachodniej i Ameryki Półmocznej. Polaka jest zatwe odźnicze o tektkozmańcia lat w stomniu do Buropy Zachodniej i Ameryki jeśli chodni o tzw. studia sowietologiczne.

W pierwaym okracia i statienia Studium bydą prowadzone zajęcia -

choomin o two. Studia Sovietologiczne.

Y pierwszym okresie istnienia Studium będą prowedzone zajęcia wykłady i komwenytoria dla studentów Uniwersytetu Warszawskiego.
Przewiduje się również udziak w zajęciach uczestników socza Uniwersytetu Warszawskiego. Zujęcia prowedzone w Studium powinne zaliczakó
jakożajęcia fakultatywne i odpowiednio punktoweć.

Wykładowcy Studium będm się rekrutować spodród precowników nauk wych wydzielów Uniwersytetu Warszawskiego, Akademii Nauk praz in-stytucji naukowych krajowych i zagranicznych, jak mp.Uniwersity of Amsterdam, City College of New York, itol Istnieje możliwość zapra-szania wykładowców z ośrodków uniwersyteckich republik ZSSR.

owinny być zaliczane do obowiaz

alach Instytutu Orientalistycznego,

- blurto i azafa na dotumentację,

- się unyskrała nakaładów finanPrzydriału statów, Konieczny będzie
nicznych, a w przypraku zaproczenia
watorowania w batelu uniwernytecwatorowania w batelu uniwernytec-

je sią prof.dr hab.Tedouszu Majdę, bego Krchodu Instytutu Orionta-oriodu, sa problemsyka Studius okojązyczna Pesubliki Sudazku unież w zakrez bodał i studiów

wadzende trzech grup tema-

Zwiazku Radzieckiego Społecznych Lozawah

mieni se już wyczadowcy

te promomente zajęd w ujęciu yżej trzech prze problemowych, priśw poświęconych radzieckiej winiej, problemom murodowoś-wie narodowych w Polsce,

/prof.dr hab. Fadeusz Majda/

Germa anacystyvem : 1/pwof.dr hab.Tedems Hajda, Instytut Orientalistycszy,UU 2/ dr Andres; Anaches, Katedra JGDykonomenus OgClasgo,UF 3/dr Jan Halloki, Instytut Historii PAH

PROJECT FOR THE CREATION OF THE SEMINAR FOR ETHNIC PROBLEMS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND CENTRAL & EASTERN EUROPE

Varszawa, 7 stycznia 1993 r.

93-01-11 NW4

Prof. dr hab. Andrzej Sieroszewski Dziekan Wydziału Neofilologii UW

LETTER FROM UW RECTOR, PROF. ANDRZEJ KAJETAN WRÓBLEWSKI, TO THE DEAN OF THE FACULTY OF NEOPHILOLOGY CONFIRMING THE CENTRE'S CHANGE OF NAME





THE CENTRE'S EARLY YEARS



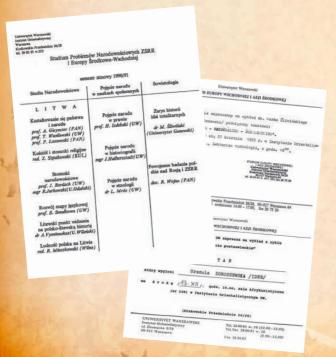
W grudniu 1990 r Senat IW powolał płacowke naukowo-dydaktyczna pod nazwa Studium Problemów i Celem Berrodowo-dydaktyczna pod nazwa Studium Problemów i Celem Berrodowo-dynakie i Celem działalności Studium ked prealizacia interdyncyplinarneco programu dydaktyczno-naukowago, nkunioneco na zagadnieniach "wschodnich" – swwietolomiczno-narodowodciowych. Bedanie tych zagadnien jest waże nie tytko dla uzyskania pelnego historyczneco i wschieniach wieto do przyczyny, że w przekonaniu ornanizatorów kwestie przyczyny, że w przekonaniu ornanizatorów kwestie przyczyny, że w przekonaniu ornanizatorów kwestie w rozwietowietowa w przykonanie powiacie w przykonanie powiacie powiacie w rozwietowa w przykonanie rymi w odrzenieniu iednakce od zawyczaj spotykanece typu badań sowietologicznych dotychczasowy i namowany program badawczy i dydaktyczny Studium oparty zostal na głebokiej i poważne i podstawie bistorycznej. Niedocenianie waci i plytwu przeszladci na wspołczenność krajów i narodów ZSSR i Europy Warchodniej jest jednym z zasadniczych hraków zacznej cześci sowietologii. W kmztalceniu sluchaczy zainterzewanych ta problemstyka ornanizatorzy upstruja ważna przesi dla powatania i rozwo lu polskich badan sowietologicznych.

I. DOTYCHCZASOWE PRACE

W roku akademirkim 1990/9) prowadzono w Studium trzy prematoria; Studia Narodowościowe (Litwa w semestrze akademie podeczenia w studium prowadzenia podeczenia pode

Mykładowcy Studium pochodza z LW, innych uczelni warszawskich i pozawarszawskich. PAN, uczelni zagranicznych (Wilno, Genewa, Paryż).

REPORT SUMMARIZING THE ACTIVITIES OF THE CENTRE AND ITS FUTURE PLANS, 1991









Initially, the Centre only organized annual seminar and open lectures. Despite a difficult first few years, the Centre's contribution to Eastern issues was recognized by numerous renowned lecturers, who generously offered their expertise to the Centre without recompense. One of them was Prof. Marek Śliwiński, who was the first to regularly come to lecture at the Centre while still employed as a lecturer at the University of Geneva.

STUDIUM EUROPY WSCHODNIEJ I AZJI ŚRODKOWEJ

	SEMESTR LETNI 1992/93
	STUDIA NARODOWOŚCIOWE – KAUKAZ
WTORKI 23 II 9 III 16 III 23 III 30 III	godz. 16.30 Urszula Doroszewska – "Dlaczego tu wojna się nie kończy?" (Gruzja) Andrze (Chodobski, UG – Specyfika Azerbejstanu na tle regionu Kaukazu Juliusz Głodek, UW – Kaukaz, region kontratów Andrzej Chodobski, UG – Stouenki narodowościowe na Kaukazie w XIX i XX w. Juliusz Głodek, UW – Zmenski, geografia, łudności, gogawka od Sanisław Cesteliki, UW – Roye objektowe od Sanisław Cesteliki, UW – Roye objektowej Donatowej Objektowa od powiatowej objekto
6 IV 20 IV 27 IV 4 V 11 V	Julius Glodek, UW – Astrobédius, Sognyalia, Induoté, gaspodarka Irena Titarrobéta, MSZ – Konjing, Sognyalia, Goodero en Kaulazie Julius Glodek, UW – Grasjie geografia, ludnosé, gospodarka Marek Mączik, UMCs – Polary na Raukazie Juliusz Glodek, UW – Republiki północnego Kaukazu
	MNIEJSZOŚCI NARODOWE W EUROPIE ŚRODKOWOWSCHODNIEJ
\$ R O D Y 24 II 3 III 10 III 17 III 24 III 31 III 13 I II 28 IV 5 V	godz. 16.30 Witold Kusiński, UW – Polacy na Ukrainie Andrzej Chodulski, UG – Polacy sa Ukrainie Andrzej Chodulski, UG – Polacy sa Ukrainie Andrzej Chodulski, UG – Polacy sa Ukrainie Piotr Berhardt, PAN – Pzemiany narodowsciowe na Liwie i Bialonasi w XX w. Wojeche Lizak, USa – Niemoy w Rosij Piotr Berhardt, PAN – Pzemiany narodowsciowe na Ukrainie w XX w. Mark Hotuszko, Kominet Helskink – Mniejzotok na ukrainie w XX w. Mark Hotuszko, Kominet Helskink – Mniejzotok na randowe w Polace p II wojnie Mank Lick UW – Polacy na Liwie Aleksander Srebrakowski, UW – Polacy w Rosji i Związku Radzieckim w świetle statystyk
),	KONWERSATORIUM SOWIETOLOGICZNE
CZWARTKI 25 II 4,11,18,25 III 1,15,22,29 IV 6,13,20 V	godz 16.30 Prowadzi: Jan Malicki Wiścić zaprosopych golezny M. Nowskowski, Wochodni sąsieżzi Polski a Europa Wieckowski, Rodje i Europa wschodnia. Aktualna problemanjka; Leon Bójko, Obecna sytuacja w Rosji
Zajęcia są otwarte, osób zainteresowa ektorium turkologii	przeznaczone dla studentów (zaliczenia, wpis do indeksu), pracowników naukowych nych spoza Uniwersytetu. Odbywają się w Instytucie Orientalistycznym UW, Ip,

THE CENTRE'S CURRICULUM FOR THE 1992-93 ACADEMIC YEAR





EAST EUROPEAN SUMMER SCHOOL



The East European Summer School is the Centre's oldest initiative. It was established in 1991 and started offering courses as part of a three-week international visiting scholarship programme in 1992. Each July, the Summer School offers academic sessions designed for young researchers from former Soviet republics, Central Europe, but also from Western Europe and America. The programme focuses on the region's history and its contemporary affairs.



DIRECTOR JAN MALICKI AND PROF. JOHN MIGGIEL WITH 3⁵⁰ EESS GRADUATE, ANDRII DESHCHYTSIA (FORMER ÜKRAINIAN ACTING FOREIGN MINISTER AND CURRENT AMBASSADOR OF ÜKRAINE TO POLAND), SALA ZŁOTA, PAŁAC KAZIMIERZOWSKI UW, 1994



DAVIES DURING A LECTURE FOR PARTICIPANTS OF THE 6TH EESS IN WILNO, 1997

The Summer School's programme consists of lectures, panel discussions, as well as visits to research institutions, archives and libraries in the city where the Summer School is taking place, as well as field trips and cultural events. Lecturers at the Summer School are the most outstanding specialists in their subjects from around the world. Some of the lectures are also published in *Obóz* and *Przegląd Wschodni*. The lectures are presented in Polish or English, or the language of the country where the external sessions of the Summer School take place (Lithuania, Belarus and Ukraine in 1996 and 1997). In 1997, the trip was accompanied by A. Gieysztor and J. Bardach (Warsaw), N. Davies (Oxford), D. Beauvois (Paris) and M. Rywkin (New York). The professors were welcomed by the then President of Lithuania, Valdas Adamkus. The East European Summer School has hosted over 100 lecturers and over 600 graduates from 26 countries





fia a geopolityka

Fragment of the inaugurating lecture by Bronisław Geremek during the 7th EESS, "Uniwersytet Kulturalny", June 2000

The Summer School's intention is to enable young researchers to become familiar with academic achievements in the field of Eastern Studies, meet new people and distinguished academics, and become informed of the availability of research resources in Polish archives and libraries. Considering the extensiveness and scope of the programme, the Summer School is unable to offer participants the opportunity of independent research work. It does, however, prepare them for longer research visits to Poland in the future.



MEETING WITH THE PRESIDENT OF WARSAW, LECH KACZYŃSKI, DURING THE IITH EESS, 2001. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: L. KACZYŃSKI, J. MALICKI, M. RYWKIN, J. MADEY, D. MACIAK





DIRECTOR JAN MALICKI NEXT TO A POSTER FOR THE VERY FIRST EAST EUROPEAN SUMMER SCHOOL IN THE CORRIDOR OF THE INSTITUTE OF ORIENTAL STUDIES BUILDING UW, 1992





EAST EUROPEAN SUMMER SCHOOL



Absolwenci Szkoły Letniej wspominają:

Graduates, lecturers and organizers of the Summer School maintain contact though the International East European Summer School Club, the only such organization in the entire Eastern-Central European region. Reunions take place periodically – usually every two years (Warsaw 2000, Brno 2002, Warsaw 2004, Kovno 2005, Kiev 2007, Ivano-Frankivsk 2008, Prague 2013). In celebration of the Centre's 25th anniversary, a special Graduates and Lecturers Reunion of the East European Summer School will take place in Warsaw this year.



INAUGURAL CEREMONY OF THE 13TH EAST EUROPEAN SUMMER SCHOOL, SALA SENATU UW, JULY 2003 FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: J. MALICKI, PROF. S. SZUSZKIEWICZ, RECTOR P. WĘGLEŃSKI, PRES. V. ADAMKUS AMB. D. DEGUTIS



PARTICIPANTS OF THE 12TH EESS WITH KRZYSZTOF ZANUSSI, SALA ZŁOTA, PAŁAC KAZIMIERZOWSKI U 2002

MEMORIES OF EESS GRADUATES, "UNIWERSYTET KULTURALNY", JULY 2001



MEETING WITH THE EUROPEAN COMMISSIONER FOR ENLARGEMENT, GUNTER VERHEUGEN, UNIVERSITY OF WROCŁAW, 12TH EESS, 2002

O Szkole Letniej i Studiach Wschodnich powiedzieli:

OPINIONS CONCERNING THE EESS, "Uniwersytet Kulturalny", July 2001



PARTICIPANTS OF THE EESS CLUB REUNION IN YAREMCHA, UKRAINE 2008







EASTERN STUDIES



The crowning achievement of the work of the Centre's staff was the introduction of Specialized European Studies in 1998. The inauguration celebration took place on 26 October 1998, and was attended by the Polish Prime Minister, Jerzy Buzek, who presented the first group of 17 students with their student registration cards. The Centre currently offers students specialization in 6 different areas: Eastern Europe, Russia, Central Asia, the Caucasus, Central Europe and the Balkans. Starting from the 2001-02 academic year, around 50% of the students of Eastern Studies are foreign exchange students from Eastern Europe, Central Asia and the Caucasus (initially also from Central Europe and Russia) who are recipients of the 25 Scholarships for Eastern Studies. The program's goal is to train young specialists from other countries in Eastern Studies.

Prime Minister Jerzy Buzek. Inauguration of the first academic year of *Eastern Studies* at the Centre for East European Studies UW, Sala Senatu UW, 26 October 1998



INAUGURATION OF EASTERN STUDIES FEATURING JAN NOWAK-JEZIORAŃSKI, SALA SENATU UW, 13 OCTOBER 2001. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT SITTING: P. WĘGLEŃSKI, J. NOWAK-JEZIORAŃSKI, J. MALICKI, I. KOTAŃSKA. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT STANDING: A. BUCZYŃSKI, D. KOLBAIA, M. ŚLIWIŃSKI, A. JUZWENKO, M. DAKOWSKI, T. SŁAWECKI, T. MAJDA, D. MACIAK



Społeczna dyplomacja w polskiej polityce wschodniej*

Jan Nowak-Jeziorzási

unite provinciarie, Jas la uncrystolo just dia minia shidien dang occlarite signiphice, to orgadem spotimiem (yich pomilation, kilos sistemism sp prosipunaci vo sell mosig publicystra porchraggio od lis. Judy yben histocredimiem Rospioni Polskie plada Winne Eurobu. To zencery positially zilidensi zojudicimia z rasspririi secholosimi sagaidamin, a lisibili zilidensi z ranodimi damingo Ziliagibu Pististiciciario.

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Fragment of Jan Nowak-Jeziorański's inaugural address for the 2001-02 Eastern Studies academic year. 13 November 2001, "Uniwersytet Kulturalny", July 2002

As of the 2000-01 academic year, the Centre also offers *Post-Graduate Eastern Studies* – previously consisting of two years, now one and a half year paid studies for individuals already professionally involved in Eastern and Central Europe in government agencies, economic, political or social institutions, the media, as well as anyone interested in the subject.

Ian Malicki, kierownik Szkoły Wschodniej Uniwersytetu Warszawskieso

Kadry dla Wschodu

№ Po latach starań doczekał się pan chwili, gdy pierwsze zajęcia zaczynają studeuci Szkoły Wschodniej. Jakie mato to boć studia?

AAM MAIGAII Bedą to stodia elitame, dia najlepasych Absolwenci pomini lyć najlepasych Absolwenci ponimi lyć najlepieje wyksataceni w Polsce w Ini specjalitacji i sorozyć kadryć do pracy na Wachodnie. Takwiec już dziś miejscem studiowania morbientów Europy Wischodniej jest Warszawa, a nie Nowy Jork, Oxford Varyszawa, a nie Nowy Jork, Oxford Studieska co przesda coraz pilitacji zachodowi – nie może zapominac o Wachodnie.

inać o Wschodzie. e studia tego typu nie są jedynymi Polsce...

na przyskad od Pismenia, a kończa na Wrockawi — "admięcie się po szczegóżnymi disodziania wiedzy cz o historia, cz poślotkości, bo się po koniegożnymi disodziania wiedzy cz o historia, cz poślotkości, bo się wiej wiedzości, wiedzy wiskado ców ródzych kieruńków. Ja poswania kieruński, poślotkości, w wiej wiedzoskości chieruński, poślotkości, pośl

pennie podstawowymi proteemam, walczą o byt nauki, nie mydlą o otwieraniu nowoczesnych kierunków, o kształceniu nowych kadz. Czym właściwie będzie Szkoła Wachod-

To dwujetnie dzienze studia magisterskie, umpełniające dni liczecjaźboi insubeniow po ili Relus suzskow. Olownym punktem zaistereskował skechaczy jest obszar pomiędzy Polską a Rosją. Chodzi przecie wszystkim o kajabatytyckie, Balouru i Ukraine, Perdonawczo będzierny się takte zajasowaćowa i Kuskazem. Cele sa ambline. Or y pod tym każem 46-Cele sa ambline. Or pod tym każem 46-Cele sa ambline. Or pod tym każem 46-

Ceje są aminine. Czy jod tym kapim blerał pan hichacy i roku sindilow? Kandydaci musieli mież z trze statkiów ferdnią ocen -47, wymaj na tyla majomość dwóch jezyko obcych, to znaczy angielskiego i roż skiego w stopnia pozwalającym roż nieće wyklady. Prewszym egamine był bardzo trudny sest piserme; Py na dowczyty różnech dziedzia: bis pia dowczyty różnech dziedzia: bis pia dowczyty różnech dziedzia: bis oledny odrzucii, umając, że był za undry nawet dla nas. Do zdobycia byo 160 punktów. Najlepsnego zdającto, który miał 115, waryscy umaliśmy sa wybirnego kandydata. Kolejny etap tanowika rozmowa kwalilikacyjna, stejel posważeno po asjelsku i po rozyjsku jab w jezykach ryżennech pracz zdających.

ie esik postate przyjętych?

Z ubiegiących się około pięcdziejęchi osob na pierwszy rok studiów rzyjęto szesnaście oraz jednego Liwina. Graniczny wielkościa jest dwazieścia osob. Jest to grupo, którą jetem w stanie opakować wzrokowaczuciowo, mogę mieć z nią dobry

Jaka wiedzę chce pan tej grupie ;

Naza abrobwent possisten nonamisel synazelę Europy Wichodnie, mar John stuny historycznie, czły uklad, który się obecu pisanie, Nazym cedem jest przygośowanie indolych, dobrze wykatalconych kad, especialistwa synazionych kad, especialistwa synazionych kad, especialistwa przygośowanie indolych, dobrze wykatalconych kad, especialistwa synazionych obecu specialistwa obecu stratego obecu posiciona kontrolicia. A także grozu z którymi od lak utrzymiejomy kontakty, posiciwa który skirkdowczeni Wichodniej Stulyu Jemiej. Bedą to min prefesorowie Boduko dosednak z Bertina. Nerman Duries o Odordu, Duniel Busgos Joseph Studies o Podrodu, Duniel Buspog Joseph Studies o Podrodu, Duniel Buspog Joseph Studies o Podrodu, Duniel Buspog Joseph Studies o Podrodu, Duniel Bus-Joseph Studies o Podrodu, Duniel Studies o Podrodu, Duniel Bus-Joseph Studies o Podrodu St

Dia kogo będą pracowali absolwenci Szkoły Wschodniej?

cia publicanegio, dia potrerio huttury i cia publicanegio, dia potrerio huttury i naniki, ninkistiry manie bedi, chelici konkurosed np. z paseen w. "Bosczpospoliti", Bedicinere midi — dia groy nalipospach absolventative — umonov padikocytyne Z. Oscodisem Studiov Wachodnisch, z. Centrum. Stoomstelow Machapundowywich jermidopodosine z a Ministerinierem Spress Zagaracimych. Wenne, se oda się podpiact tales umowy z lengrii unity turjanit, yowineż z czie-Admaniej pasa swoją uleter priemicki od ladzi se Wicholas. O obywatelach jalicko padatwie pamie podpiact niemie od do ladzi se Wicholas. O obywatelach jalicko padatwie pamie podpiact niemie od-

rusi i Liwie. Dalej o Rosji, Slowacji, Romunii — czyli o obszarze, gdzie ta wiedza jest oajbardziej potzebna. W mniejszym stopsiu pownie w Czechach. Czy dla tych ludzi znajdą się stypen-

ia? Wszystko przekłada się na pieniątre. Na budżet szkoły składają się funlusze na pokrycie kosztów przyjazdu E SZKOLA WSCHODNIA

L iseraciós farolist na silyperidis. To iniciologiaches univ. Do silyperidy iniciologiaches univ. Do silyperidy iniciologiaches univ. Do silyperidy di glova, pienistalte na zycie int., yil to, co jest portubente do spochago suddownalis. Rozmanskalen na Rozmanskalen na Rozmanskalen na Rozmanskalen na Rozmanskalen na Particio del Rozmanskalen na Rozmanskalen

wiązką. Przed wojną mieliśny takie studi w Wilnie.

ais w distole Wichodniej, Wiefelds instylu wyksznaloż rzeszę bistolowantów. Z archiwalnych zajadów można się dowiedzieć, że Minilerstwo Sęraw Zagranicznych zaszęsowalo się w powodanie sego instyluu 1 wspierato go także finanzowaw intereser Bozoczyposopiela, jed wietewiete się zaczyposopiela, jed w intereser Bozoczyposopiela, jed w j. która badala zagodnienia Wichola, by która badala zagodnienia Wichola, i która badala zagodnienia Wichola, i która badala zagodnienia Wichola, i która badala zagodnienia Wichola, w interesie Rzeczypospoliej leży postanie takżego obedoka.

ry majda ais pieningiten ais saisote?

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"Otacio, Spistosa, skory powiena byż

rybiczo, dyplom, akcy powiena byż

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INTERVIEW WITH JAN MALICKI REGARDING EASTERN STUDIES, "RZECZPOSPOLITA", 12 OCTOBER 1998



The first recipients of Eastern Studies scholarships with Prof. Tadeusz Świętochowski, sala Senatu Uw, 2001. From left to right sitting: D. Kostianowska, T. Świętochowski. From left to right standing: W. Misjuk, J. Lichtarowicz, P. Usoy, L. Somchiszwili, E. Mażul, H. Aliyeva, J. Szumski, A. Szczuka, S. Lipinin, G. Lagzi.

In 2011, the Centre was able to initiate M.A. "Eastern Studies" in Ukraine which is available to students attending Kiev-Mohyla Academy, the Ukrainian Catholic University in Lviv, Prykarpattia National University in Ivano-Frankivsk, as well as Ostroh Academy.

The culmination of the work concerning the overall structure and shape of *Eastern Studies* was the introduction of the 3-year B.A. in *Eastern Studies* program in 2012. The first B.A. degree theses will be defended on the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Centre for East European Studies.



FIELD TRIPS



An integral part of the *Eastern Studies* M.A. program is the obligatory academic field trip for first-year students. Each year, Polish students visit a different region related to their studies. So far, field trips have been organized to: Ukraine (1999), Belarus (2000), Russia(2001), Transylvania (2002), Belarus (2003), Western Ukraine (2004), Left-bank Ukraine (2005), South-East Ukraine (2006), the Baltic Countries (2007), Slovakia-Hungary-Romania-Ukraine (2008), Odessa-Crimea (2009), Ukraine-Belarus-Lithuania (2010), Ukraine-Romania-Moldova-Transnistria (2011), Czech Republic-Slovakia-Hungary-Romania-Ukraine-Poland (2012), Belarus (2013), Ukraine-Slovakia(2014). The 2015 edition encompassed Hungary-Romania-Slovakia-Czech Republic.



SCHOLARSHIP STUDENTS ON A FIELD TRIP IN LUBLIN, 2007

During these field trips, students come into direct contact with the realities of life in Eastern European countries. During the two week tour, normal classes are suspended. The students generally cover nearly 2000 km of ground and get the opportunity to visit many cultural heritage sites, as well as meet with local elites. These contacts serve as platforms for academic exchanges of ideas, literature or information concerning upcoming conferences and other events. The students also get to know each other better and overcome different barriers. We hope that these experiences also serve them well in the future, as each trip holds new organizational challenges and different academic goals.



GARDEN OF THE CRIMEAN TATAR MUSEUM OF ART IN SIMFEROPOL DURING A FIELD TRIP TO SOUTHERN UKRAINE WITH THE PARTICIPATION OF STUDENTS FROM THE UNIVERSITY OF REGENSBURG AND PROF. JERZY MACKOW, 2009

Scholarship students always go on a field trip around Poland, following a historical or cultural roadmap. They visit many of the most interesting sites in Poland and present papers related to them.

Objazd Studentów Studiów Wschodnich do Siedmiogrodu

ak jak w poprzednich latach, na przełomie kwietnia i maja zorganizowany został przez Studenckie Koto Naukowe przy Studium Europy Wschodniej został przez Studenckie Koto Naukowe przy Studium Europy Wschodniej wo otwartej specjalizacji "Europa Środkowa", wybór miejsca padi na Śiedmiogródnie byt to latwy cel, ponieważ dotychczas w naszych podróżach dominował kieru-Nie byt to latwy cel, ponieważ dotychczas w naszych podróżach dominował kieru-Nie byt to latwy cel, ponieważ dotychczas w naszych podróżach dominował kieru-Nie wschodni. Tam mieliśmy wiele pomocznych kontaktów, tu zaś, zdawało się nam na wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności. Jednak wraz z przygotowaniami rosto grono życzlina wstępie – same trudności.

na wskętne – same sosob.

Nych i wspierających nas osob.

Do uczestnictwa w objeżdzie zaprosiliśmy oprócz studentów Studiów Wschodnich

Do uczestnictwa w objeżdzie zaprosiliśmy oprócz studentów Studiów Wschodnich

sależe studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW oraz Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże Studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW. Tak zróżtakże Studentów Katedry Hungarystyki UW. Tak zróżtakże Studentów INSTytuka Instytutu Kultury Polskiej UW. Tak zróżtakże Studentów INSTytuka Instytutu Instytutu INSTytuka Instytutu INSTytuka Instytutu INSTytuka IN

Andrzej Buczyński's account of the student field trip to Transylvania 2002, "Universytet Kulturalny", July 2002

Eastern Studies student field trips have increasingly become an integral part of the Centre's long list of activities. The spring dates, organizational planning, participation of professors and student commitment have all been clearly laid out. The students are responsible for presenting a historical or cultural site and writing a paper about the history or contemporaneity of the region. Looking back after a number of years, many students will say that the field trip experience seems to be governed by a different set of rules than the time spent in Warsaw. The experience is multiplied by various factors, including the time difference, liturgical calendar and distance to the communist past. Memories from various field trips overlap with each other and it is sometimes difficult to put them in chronological order. Nonetheless, the experiences remain forever deeply ingrained in the memory of each participant.



ESTONIA, 2007



SCHOLARSHIP STUDENTS ON A FIELD TRIP TO KRAKÓW - MOUNT KOŚCIUSZKO, 2009





MAIDAN RESEARCH 2004 & 2013



DECEMBER 2004 - ORANGE REVOLUTION

In autumn 2004, electoral fraud in Ukraine during the Presidential elections caused a wave of mass demonstrations to erupt in Kiev and the unprecedented interest of the Western world in the situation in Ukraine. Poles also (even, especially) kept a keen eye on developments and even became involved, passing on aid and support to Ukrainians.

The decision for *Eastern Studies* students of the University of Warsaw to go to Ukraine in order to conduct research "in the heat of the moment" came about suddenly, but in hind-sight, and with respect to our scholarly interests, it was particularly appropriate. It was a rare opportunity to witness history developing and for the students to participate in history, rather than simply hear about it in class.

Thus, classes in Warsaw were put on hold so that a group of nearly 60 people could travel to Kiev and conduct research from 8-13 December 2004. A questionnaire which Prof. Marek Śliwiński had earlier prepared and utilized in Lithuania and Belarus was updated and amended for the occasion.



STUDENTS AND LECTURES IN THE "TENT CITY" ERECTED DURING THE ORANGE REVOLUTION PROTESTS IN MAIDAN, KIEV, 2004

On the basis of 313 completed questionnaires, a special report (Raport z badań. Kijów grudzień 2004. Edycja specjalna z okazji wizyty Prezydenta Wiktora Juszczenki na Uniwersytecie Warszawskim) was edited by lecturer Dr. Mariusz Kowalski and subsequently published. Using the original questionnaire results, students in later years have carried out comparative research studies in various regions of Ukraine (2005) and Kiev (2007).





BILINGUAL COPY OF THE KIEV-MAIDAN RESEARCH REPORT SIGNED BY VIKTOR YUSHCHENKO



DECEMBER 2013 - EUROMAIDAN

On 20-22 December 2013, during mass protests in Ukraine, which erupted as a result of the government refusing to sign an association and free trade agreement with the European Union, a group of 65 students and workers of the Centre for East European Studies once more set off to Kiev to conduct field research.



STUDENTS OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES WITH UKRAINIAN POLITICIAN AND PROTEST PARTICIPANT YURIY LUTSENKO AT THE ENTRY TO EUROMAIDAN, DECEMBER 2013

The main goal of the research was to get to know the opinions of Ukrainian citizens on the changes taking place in their country and the hopes and expectations which they had attached to these changes. How they viewed various nations and nationalities in political, economic and national security terms was also studied. The long term goal was to observe how these views evolved over time and investigate what their direct causes might be. The research and continued observation of these transformations allows for a more accurate prognosis of the developing situation in Ukraine.



STUDENTS AND WORKERS OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES CONDUCTING RESEARCH IN KIEV, DECEMBER 2013

The students interviewed Ukrainian citizens in various parts of Kiev – Maidan, the so-called "anti-Maidan" – Mariyinsky Park, train stations, post offices, in the streets, cafes, etc. Each interview required around one hour to complete and was conducted in Ukrainian, Russian or English.

On 29 January 2014, the initial findings of 361 questionnaires conducted in December, and the preliminary results of comparisons with previous questionnaires, were presented at the University of Warsaw. The presentation is available in electronic form at the Centre's website – www.studium.uw.edu.pl





SCHOOL OF EASTERN LANGUAGES



The School of Eastern Languages gives language instruction in "Eastern" languages of former countries of the USSR and Communist Bloc, as well as Middle Eastern, Far Eastern, Oriental and African languages. In Poland, many of these languages are only available at the School of Eastern Languages (for example, Chechen, Urdu).



AN ANTHOLOGY, "O JĘZYKU I NIE TYLKO", EDITED BY K. JURCZAK, I.KOTAŃSKA AND J. SADOWSKI, WAS PUBLISHED UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE SCHOOL OF EASTERN LANGUAGES. THE VOLUME IS DEDICATED TO THE MEMORY OF ELZBIETA SROKA-ŚWIRSKA (PICTURED), A LECTURER FOR MANY YEARS AT THE SCHOOL THAT SUDDENLY PASSED AWAY IN 2011



ISSA ADAJEW (1956-2012) - LEADER OF THE CHECHEN DIASPORA IN POLAND, DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM IN GROZNY, TRANSLATOR, POET, GRAPHIC DESIGNER AND CHECHEN LANGUAGE LECTURER AT THE SCHOOL OF EASTERN LANGUAGES FOR MANY YEARS



ODRĘCZNIK DO NAUKI In 2014, as part of the School of Eastern Languages UW series "JEZYKI I KULTURY ŚWIATA" (Languages and Culture of the World), a textbook for Ukrainian language instruction was published: "Ukraina – Polsza. Dialog kultur", written by Ołeksandra Antoniw, Switana Romaniuk and Ołena Synczak. The textbook is intended for Polish intermediate-level students of Ukrainian.

Szkoła Języków Wschodnich Wydział Orientalistyczny Uniwersytet Warszawski Currently the School of Eastern Languages offers courses in the following languages: Albanian, Arabic, Armenian Azerbaijani, Belarusian, Bulgarian, Chinese, Croatian, Chechen, Czech, Estonian, Greek, Georgian, Hebrew, Hindi, Indonesian, Japanese, Kazakh, Korean, Lithuanian, Latvian, Mongolian, Persian, Russian, Romanian, Serbian, Swahili, Turkish, Tibetan, Ukrainian, Urdu, Uzbek, Vietnamese and Yiddish lektoraty.sjw@uw.edu.pl

The language teachers of the School of Eastern Languages are all highly experienced and include, among others: Andželika Adamczyk (Hebrew), Jolanta Ambroziak (Serbian), Nadzieja Dejneka (Russian), Olga Deszko (Russiani), Helena Gierowska (Ukrainian), Dorota Haftka-Isik (Turkish), Kazimierz Jurczak (Romanian), Sofio Jvania (Georgian), Shahla Kazimova (Azerbaijiani), Yoke Cheng Lau-Wojciechowska (Chinese), Abdel Kader Mousheh (Arabic), Teresa Piotrowska-Małek (Czech), Svitlana Romaniuk (Ukrainian, Russian), Kamila Stanek (Turkish), Sylwia Surdykowski (Persian), Agata Szczukowa (Czech), Olgierd Uziembło (Chinese), Simeonka Veleva (Bulgarian), Margarita Woźniakowska (Armenian), Katarzyna Wyszpolska Japanese), Aleksandra Zielińska (Russian).

Moreover, as of 2005, the School of Eastern Languages organizes *Intense Summer Holiday Language Courses* in July, which are open for registration to everyone, and additionally include: Spanish, French, Portuguese, Hungarian and Italian. www.sjw.uw.edu.pl

The School of Eastern Languages has been operating since 1999 as part of the Centre for East European Studies. Originally, it was only intended for students of *Eastern Studies*; currently, however, anyone interested may register for courses. The School of Eastern Languages is a part of the Faculty of Oriental Studies at the University of Warsaw. It is run by Inga Kotańska and the teaching staff is composed of academic instructors and native speakers with didactic experience.



GEORGIAN LANGUAGE CLASS - LECTOR SOPHIO JVANIA (THIRD FROM THE LEFT)



ARMENIAN LANGUAGE CLASS – LECTOR MARGARITA YEREMIAN-WOŹNIAKOWSKA (FIRST FROM THE LEFT



YOKE CHENG LAU-WOJCIECHOWSKA
- CHINESE LANGUAGE LECTOR







In 2010, the Centre for East European Studies celebrated the 10th anniversary since its first graduates left the Potocki Palace UW with their "M.A. Specialist in Eastern Studies" diplomas in hand. To celebrate this occasion, the Centre organized the First Reunion of Eastern Studies Graduates of the University of Warsaw on 2-3 October.



INAUGURATION OF THE FIRST REUNION OF EASTERN STUDIES GRADUATES WITH THE THEN VICE-RECTOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WARSAM, MARCIN Z.M. ALYS, WARSAM, 2 OCTOBER 2010. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: M. PLONKIEWICZ, M. PALYS, INALICKI, L. MOCZULSKI

The inauguration was attended by such distinguished guests as Prof. Marcin Palys, then Vice-Rector of the University of Warsaw. On the second day of the reunion the conference, "Co wiemy o Wschodzie? – Absolwenci Studiów Wschodnich 2000-2010" (What do we know about the East? – Graduates of Eastern Studies 2000-2010) took place. During the reunion, four of the best students were distinguished by Director J. Malicki – Wojciech Konończuk, Aleksandra Zamarajewa, Maciej Falkowski and Anna Maria Dyner. Their M.A. theses promotor, Prof. Włodzimierz Marciniak was also honored. Director Malicki also expressed special gratitude to Prof. Marek Śliwiński, the Centre's first lecturer, who regularly travelled from Geneva to provide lectures for the students.

Four years later, graduates of the Centre for East European Studies met once more for the Second Reunion of Eastern Studies Graduates on 13-14 December 2014 in the village of Jachranka. The second day was dedicated to the conference, "Kuźnia Kadr... – Absolwenci Studiów Wschodnich" (The Academic Forge... – Graduates of Eastern Studies). This time, Przemysław Prętkiewicz, Pavel Dobrouski, Stefaniya Kavaleuskaya, Ewa Polak, Mariusz Podgórski, Tetiana Khaver, Katarzyna Dydyna and Karina Melnytska were distinguished among the top-performing students.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE SECOND REUNION OF EASTERN STUDIES GRADUATES, LIBRARY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW, 13 DECEMBER 2014

In order to commemorate these two reunions, the Centre published a special album - "Corpus Studiosorum" in two parts: TOMUS I 2000-2010 and TOMUS II 2010-2014. The albums contain photographs and information regarding each graduate, student registers and photographs of each group. They also include photographs of all the Eastern Studies lecturers, as well as chronicles of the reunions.



**CORPUS STUDIOSORUM" COMMEMORATIVE ALBUM PUBLISHED FOR EASTERN STUDIES GRADUATES



PRIME MINISTER JERZY BUZEK WITH LECTURERS OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES DURING THE GRADUATION CEREMONY FOR M.A. EASTERN STUDIES GRADUATES, SALA BALOWA, PAEAC POTOCKICH UW, 2002. BACK ROW, FROM LEFT TO RIGHTI. D. MACIAK, W. MARCINIAK, D. KOLBAIA, A. BUCZYŃSKI. FRONT ROW: A. BOSIACKI, J. MALICKI, J. BUZEK

From 1998-2014, out of a total of 539 individuals that studied *Eastern Studies*, 272 have gone on to defend their M.A. thesis – 119 Polish students and 153 scholarship students.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE FIRST REUNION OF EASTERN STUDIES GRADUATES, MAIN CAMPUS, UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW, 3 OCTOBER 2010

The overwhelming majority of our graduates work in careers to do with "the East" – in government agencies, diplomacy, education institutions, analytical institutions, the media or non-government organizations. There are not many university specializations which guarantee so many of their graduates work in their "area of expertise", but also simply a career. University studies are elite. After all, should everything in the 21st century be intended for global and mass consumption? Our graduates work in the most important government institutions in the Republic of Poland – the Chancellery of the President, Chancellery of the Prime Minister, various ministries (especially the Ministry of Foreign Affairs) and other central state institutions. A number of our graduates have gone on to work as journalists in important media centers. As well, a large number of our graduates are engaged in scholarly and research work at the University of Warsaw, Polish Academy of Sciences and other academic institutions. Some graduates have made a career for themselves in non-governmental institutions – foundations and organizations dealing with the East. They also form a significant part of the main "Eastern think-tank" in Poland – the Centre for Eastern Studies (OSW). A number of our graduates have already defended their Ph.D. theses, while others are close to their goal. One of our graduates has even received a habilitation.



TOP GRADUATE OF 2002 - JAKUB JĘDRAS RECEIVES A SPECIALLY ENGRAVED COMMEMORATIVE WATC





STAFF OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES



Sometimes hidden somewhere in the shadows of the "Centre" is its staff. This talented group of excellent full/part-time lecturers and guest lecturers, as well as the highly professional administration staff, makes every effort for each of the Centre's projects to culminate in success. Put simply, the Centre's staff is the most important reason for its success!

A12 Opinie

Nagroda im. Jerzego Giedroycia

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DIR. JAN MALICKI, WINNER OF THE JERZY GIEDROYĆ AWARD 2013, UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THI OFFICE OF THE POLISH PRESIDENT, "RZECZPOSPOLITA", 13 DECEMBER 2013

At the start of the Centre's activity in 1990, the governing body of the University of Warsaw appointed Prof. Tadeusz Majda, a distinguished Turkologist from the Institute of Oriental Studies, as director of the Centre for East European Studies. Jan Malicki and Andrzej Ananicz were responsible for all organizational, academic and publishing work. After the latter left the Centre government work, Jan Malicki was left in sole charge of these responsibilities, later officially taking over the directorship of the Centre. Sometime later the staff was augmented with the arrival of Dariusz Maciak, Inga Kotańska and Marek Śliwiński, arriving from Geneva to give lectures.



TEAM MEETING IN PULTUSK, 27 MARCH 2011. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: A. GRYŹLAK, I. I M. ŚLIWIŃSCY, A. BUCZYŃSKI, D. MACIAK, K. JURCZAK, K. WÓYCICKI, J. KOZAKIEWICZ, J. MALICKI, D. KOLBAIA, K. BRALA, E. PRZYBOROWSKA, W. RODKIEWICZ, I. KOTAŃSKA, E. LEMIESZEK, J. GIEROWSKA-KAŁLAUR, M. KOWALSKI, L. ZASZTOWT, E. SROKA-ŚWIRSKA, T. KRZĄSTEK



PROF. RICHARD PIPES IN THE COMPANY OF STUDENTS AND SCHOLARSHIP RECIPIENTS, CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES, 1999

Gradually the Centre's staff expanded. An important milestone was the addition of the first East European Summer School in 1992, but of even more significance was the start of regular *M.A. Eastern Studies* in 1998. Altogether, there have been 154 Eastern Studies lecturers during the period from 1998-2014. A number of them became full or part time lecturers leading regular courses. At present this group contains over 30 individuals:

Adam Balcer, Dr. Błażej Brzostek, Andrzej Buczyński, Prof. Joanna Gierowska-Kałłaur, Dr. Rigels Halili, Prof. Aleksandra Hnatiuk, Prof. Kazimierz Jurczak, Dr. Shahla Kazimova, Dr. Tomasz Knothe, Dr. David Kolbaia, Inga Kotańska, Dr. Paweł Kowal, Prof. Mariusz Kowalski, Dr. Jerzy Kozakiewicz, Col. Tadeusz Krząstek, Dr. Dariusz Maciak, Dir. Jan Malicki, Prof. Włodzimierz Marciniak, Dr. Mariusz Maszkiewicz, Marek Menkiszak, Dr. Witold Rodkiewicz, Dr. Wiktor Ross, Prof. Jakub Sadowski, Dr. Jerzy Targalski, Prof. Andrei Vardomatski, Dr. Ludwika Włodek, Dr. Kazimierz Wóycicki, Prof. Leszek Zasztowt, Prof. Elżbieta Znamierowska-Rakk, Prof. Andrzej Żbikowski and Dr. Andrzej Ananicz (currently on leave).



60th birthday of Prof. Leszek Zasztowt (seated), Sala narożna, Pałac Potockich Uv Standing from left to right: a. Hnatiuk, T. Krząstek, J. Malicki, D. Kolbaia, I. Kotańska, S. Kazimova, K. Jurczak, D. Maciak, R. Halili, D. Brutyan, S. Krawczyk, L. Włodek, W. IJ. Ross, A. Ananicz, M. Piekarski, M. Kamińska

A large portion of lecturers have been visiting professors, mostly from abroad, who have come to the Centre to present monographic lectures. Among them, there have been such distinguished figures as: Prof. Egidijus Aleksandravicius (Kovno), Prof. Daniel Beauvois (Paris), Prof. Norman Davies (Oxford), Prof. Mirosław Hroch (Prague), Prof. Aleksiej Miller (Budapest-St. Petersburg), Prof. Bohdan Osadczuk (Berlin), Prof. Emil Pain (Moscow), Prof. Rudolf Pichoja (Moscow), Prof. Richard Pipes (Harvard), Prof. Mykoła Riabchuk (Kiev), Prof. Jerzy Pomianowski (Kraków), Prof. Michael Rywkin (New York), Prof. Andrzej Sulima-Kamiński (Washington, D.C.), Prof. Tadeusz Świętochowski (New York), Prof. Stanisław Szuszkiewicz (Minsk), Prof. Arif Yunusov (Baku), Prof. Alexander Rondeli (Tbilisi), Prof. Stepan Grigorjan (Yerevan), Prof. Ihor Tsependa (Ivano-Frankivsk), Prof. Zbigniew Kruszewski (El Paso).

Each year the Centre's staff is reinforced by distinguished American scholars, who share their experience and knowledge with us. Starting in the 2003-04 academic year, they began cooperating with the Centre under the auspices of the "Fulbright Distinguished Chair in East European/Eurasian Studies" – one of only a few such Fulbright faculties in the world. The faculty has been chaired by Prof. Jane Curry (Santa Clara University), Prof. Jack Bielasiak (Indiana University), Prof. Jan Kubik (Rutgers University), Prof. Theodore Weeks (South Illinois University), Prof. Owen Johnson (Indiana University-Bloomington), Prof. Stuart Loory (Missouri University), Prof. Angela Brintlinger (University of Wisconsin) and Prof. Raymond Taras (Tulane University).

The Centre's many projects and daily activity require an enormous amount of administrational and organizational work. This heavy load falls on the shoulders of the Centre's very able administration team. The team has grown from 2-3 people at the beginning of the Centre's activity, to over 20 full-time and part-time workers, including: Krystyna Brala, Diana Brutyan, Katarzyna Burzyńska, Magdalena Chludzińska, Aleksandra Gryźlak, Magdalena Kamińska, Joanna Łukaszuk, Krzysztof Łukjanowicz, Jerzy Malicki, Andrzej Mirończuk, Krzysztof Nieczypor, Michał Piekarski, Elżbieta Przyborowska, Anton Saifullayeu, Oleksander Skydan, Elżbieta Stasiak, Teresa Szumska, Katarzyna Widżgowska, Łukasz Wieremiejuk, Maciej Wilczyński, Sylwia Wójtowicz, Katarzyna Wyszpolska.



Members of the Centre's administration team. Bottom: M. Wilczyński. From left to right m. Chiudzińska, T. Szumska, E. Przyborowska, A. Skydan, K. Brala, D. Brutyan, A. Gryżlak, J. Lukaszuk, A. Safullayeu, E. Stasiak, K. Widzgowska, Ł. Wieremiejuk, M. Moniak, S. Wojtowicz



WARSAW EAST EUROPEAN CONFERENCE



The WEEC is the Centre's largest academic and organizational event of the year. This annual international English-language conference was modelled on the "Association for the Study of Nationalities" (ASN), one of the largest international academic organizations in the region.

The first conference took place in 2004 and was attended by Lech Wałęsa. 2013 was the 10th anniversary of the WEEC.



PRESIDENT LECH WAŁĘSA DURING THE INAUGURATION OF THE 2004 WEEC, AUDITORIUM MAXIMUM UW

WEEC participants come from Poland, as well as former countries of the USSR - mostly from countries such as Ukraine, Belarus, Russia, Lithuania, Kazakhstan, Georgia, but even from such faraway places as Taiwan. Participants also come from Western European countries such as Germany, Italy, Great Britain, as well as the United States, Canada and many other countries from all over the world.



VALDAS ADAMKUS PRESENTS THE OPENING LECTURE AT THE 2011 WEEC, AULA STAREGO BUW

The conference is based on a system of panels with accordingly themed lectures. The main event of the conference program is the "Round Table" – a discussion between various invited experts and specialists from various fields.



Prof. Rudolf Pichoja, President Leonid Kraychuk, Prof. Stanisław Szuszkiewicz – Round Table, 2014 WEEC, Aula Starego BUW

Following the academic portion of the conference, participants also have the opportunity to take part in the conference's cultural program, which includes film screenings, concerts, special presentations, etc.



ANDRZEJ WAJDA SPEAKS AT THE 2008 WEEC. IN THE BACKGROUND ARE PHOTOGRAPHS OF RECENTLY DECEASED FORMER UW RECTOR, STANISLAW GLĄB AND FORMER POLISH MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS BRONISLAW GERMENE, AULA STAREGO BUW



Inaugural ceremony of WEEC 2005, Aula Starego BUW. From left to right: J. Malicki, B. Geremek (+ 2008), W. Tygielski, K. Skubiszewski (+ 2010)



MINISTER SIKORSKI HOSTS SPECIAL GUESTS OF THE 2013 WEEC AT THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: ANDREI SANNIKAU, STANISŁAW SZUSZKIEWICZ, RADOSŁAW SIKORSKI, JAN MALICKI, IHOR CEPENDA



PROF. LESZEK
BALCEROWICZ DELIVERS
THE OPENING LECTURE
OF THE 2014 WEEC





CONFERENCES



Although the Centre's largest conference is the WEEC - Warsaw East European Conference, each year the Centre also organizes many other conferences and academic events. Some of them are cyclical, while others are one-time events. It would be impossible to name them all here, but below are a few worthy of more detailed attention.



I Seminarium Studentów Studiów Wschodnich, udium Europy Wschodniej UW Opieka naukowa;

Studiow Wschodnich, Studium Europy Wschodniej 20 kwietnia (piątek) 2001 w godz. 11.00-17.00 Palac Kazimierzowski, I piętro, Krakowskie Przedmieście 26 Uniwerzytet Warsawski

STUDIUM EUROPY WSCHODNIEJ Uniwersytet Warszawski, Instytut Orientalistyczny ul. Browarna 8/10, p. 22, 03-311 Warszaws tel. 552 09 16, 828 80 75, fax. 828 83 69 6-mail studium, e. w@iorientuw edu pl



I AZJA ŚRODKOWA
Polityka, Geopolityka,
Gospodarka
I Seminarium Studentów

PROGRAM OF THE FIRST EAST EUROPEAN STUDENTS' CONFERENCE, 2001

One of the cyclical conferences is the "East European Students' Conference" organized by the Centre's "Students' Scientific Club" since 2001.

The conference, "History and Contemporary State of Eastern Studies" took place on 26-28 October 2008, and was the first conference dedicated to the subject of Eastern Studies, historiography, as well as institutions and individuals engaged in "Eastern" research.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE CONFERENCE DEDICATED TO THE MEMORY OF JERZY GIEDROYĆ DURING THE SESSION, "THE STATE, DIRECTION AND NEEDS OF POLISH EASTERN POLICY 10 YEARS AFTER THE DEATH OF JERZY GIEDROYĆ". FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: J. MALICKI, B. SIENKIEWICZ, P. KOWAL, A. HALICKI, H. SZLAJFER, A.Z. KAMIŃSKI, B. BERDYCHOWSKA. THE SESSION WAS OPENED BY H. LITWIN, THEN POLISH VICE-MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

On 24-25 April 2009, the Centre organized the conference, "Wolność i bezpieczeństwo narodów Europy Środkowej i Wschodniej w XIX/XX w." (Freedom and National Security in Central and Eastern Europe in the 19th and 20th centuries). It was supervised by Prof. Elżbieta Znamierowska-Rakk. The session gave participants the opportunity to view the titular subject matter through the prism of specialists from countries in the region.

The Centre commemorated the 10th anniversary of the passing of Jerzy Giedroyć with a special academic session entitled, "Jerzy Giedroyć: Polityka-Kultura-Wschód. 10 lat poodejściu Redaktora", which took place on 14 September 2010. Participants of the session not only paid tribute to the great editor and author, but also discussed the void left by him and the future of Polish eastern policy.



CONFERENCE CELEBRATING THE 90TH
BIRTHDAYS OF PROF. RICHARD PIPES,
PIOTR WANDYCZ AND ZBIGNIEW
WÓJCIK, SALA SENATU UW, 17
SEPTEMBER 2013. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT:
J. MALICKI, R. PIPES, R. PICHOJA



DIPLOMA ISSUED TO PROF. RICHARD PIPES ON THE OCCASION OF HIS 90TH BIRTHDAY

On 17 September 2013, the anniversary of the 1939 Soviet invasion of Poland, the Centre for East European Studies UW organized an academic conference on the occasion of the 90th birthdays of three outstanding professors: Richard Pipes, Piotr Wandycz and Zbigniew Wójcik. All three professors were engaged in issues to do with Russia, Ukraine and Central-Eastern Europe. They achieved renown and gained respect for their work, not only in Poland, but all over the world. The conference was attended by, among others; Prof. Andrzej Nowak, Prof. Marek Kornat, Prof. Hiroaki Kuromiya, Prof. Rudolf Pichoja, Prof. Csaba Kiss, Prof. Teresa Chynczewska-Hennel and Prof. Jarosław Hrytsak.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE PROMETHEAN CONFERENCE 2013. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, BACK ROW: D. KOLBAIA, A. GRYŻLAK, N. YAQUBLU, Z. GASIMOV. FRONT ROW: T. KRZĄSTEK, G. MAMULIA, B. SADYKOVA, J. MALICKI, V. PISKUN, S. KAZIMOV.

Starting in 2011, each year the Centre for East European Studies UW and the journal, Nowy Prometeusz (New Prometheus) organize an international conference dedicated to "Prometheanism". Besides Poland, scholars from Ukraine, Russia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Kazakhstan, France and Germany have lectured at the conference. Participants engage in issues pertaining to the history of the Promethean Movement in Poland, as well as in countries and nationalities enslaved by the USSR.



HONORARY STANDARD BEARER AND COLOR GUARD OF THE POLISH ARMY, HOLY MASS IN HONOR OF "PROMETHEISTS" FROM POLAND AND ABROAD, VISITATIONIST CHURCH, WARSAW, PROMETHEAN CONFERENCE, 2011





ST. G. PERADZE ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL CAUCASIAN CONFERENCE AND OTHER CONFERENCES DEDICATED TO THE CAUCASUS



The St. G. Peradze Annual International Caucasian Conference has been organized by the Centre since 2002, and concerns historical issues, as well as the contemporary countenance of the Caucasus. From its inception, Dr. David Kolbaia, head of the Centre's Caucasian Studies seminar, has acted as the session's initiator, organizer and academic supervisor.

THE 10th ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL CAUCASIAN SISSION IN MEMORY OF ST. CRICOL FIERDOX ANNIVERSARY SESSION



TITLE PAGE OF THE ST. GRIGOL PERADZE 10TH ANNUAL CAUCASIAN CONFERENCE PROGRAM, 2012

President of Georgia, Giorgi Saakashvili - Special Guest at the St. Grigol Peradze 10TM Annual Caucasian Conference, Sala Senatu UW, 6 December 2012

Each year Caucasian scholars from all over the world attend the conference. The sessions are also distinguished by special guests, including members of the clergy and politicians from Caucasian nations. The conference has received the honorary patronage of the Office of Presidents Lech Kaczyński and Bronisław Komorowski.

Selected lectures from the conference are later printed in the Centre's academic journal "Pro Georgia. Journal of Kartvelological Studies".



SPECIAL MASS IN HONOR OF THE 70th anniversary of the martyr's death of St. Grigol Peradze, Auschwitz-Birkenau Museum, 9 December 2012, attended by President Saakashvili and members of the Georgian Clergy



INAUGURATION OF THE ST. GRIGOL PERADZE II^{III} ANNUAL CAUCASIAN CONFERENCE, SALA SENATU UW, 6 DECEMBER 2014, FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: J. MICHALOWSKI (CHIEF OF THE POLISH PRESIDENTIAL CHANCELLERY), G. MARGYELASHVILI (PRESIDENT OF GEORGIA), T. TOMASZEWSKI (UW RECTOR), DIR. J. MALICKI, DR. D. KOLBAIA

Saint Grigol Peradze was born 13 September 1899 in Bakurciche (Kacheti Province), Georgia. He was a priest in the Georgian Church and a soldier in the defense of Georgian independence against the Bolsheviks in 1921. He later emigrated and lived out the rest of his life abroad. He was a scholar and publisher of the history of the Church and biographies of saints. In 1933, he became a Professor of Patrology and head of the Patrological seminar at the Faculty of Orthodox Theology, University of Warsaw.

In May 1942, he was arrested by the Gestapo in Warsaw. In November that same year, he was sent to Auschwitz. There, sacrificing his life in exchange for the lives of other prisoners, his life ended on 6 December 1942.

Each year, this date is commemorated by the Centre and participants of the conference by laying wreaths under the plaque located on the wall of the University of Warsaw's Institute of History. The plaque commemorates professors of the University of Warsaw, murdered during the Second World War, among them St. Grigol Peradze.



WREATHS LAID EACH YEAR UNDER THE PLAQUE OUTSIDE THE INSTITUTE OF HISTORY AT THE INAUGURATION OF THE ST. GRIGOL PERADZE SESSIONS. WREATHS LAID BY THE DELEGATIONS OF POLISH PRESIDENT GIORGI MARGVELASHVILI AND THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES, 6 DECEMBER 2014

As of 2003, the Centre's Caucasian Studies Seminar organizes an annual Caucasian conference, hosted by students, graduates and lecturers of the Centre's Caucasus specialization. During these sessions, lectures are presented on the history and contemporaneity of the Caucasus.



IIT CONFERENCE OF CAUCASIAN STUDIES HOSTED BY THE CENTRE'S CAUCASIAN STUDIES SEMINAR, SALA NAROŽNA, PALAC POTOCKICH UW, 2013. STUDENTS AND LECTURERS OF THE CENTRE FOR EAST PIROPEAN STUDIES STATED REPORT FOR RIGHT. THE NORTHE T SUBJECTION BY UN TOOS DE NORTH AND A CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE

The first conference "Caucasus after 1991" – part of the series of international Caucasian conferences in memory of St. Grigol Peradze – took place on 6-7 December 2013. The conference gathered young Caucasian Studies scholars from various academic backgrounds, including: ethnology, political science, history and international relations. During the course of 6 sessions, participants presented the results of their research and discussed such issues as the social and cultural aspects of transformation in Trans-Caucasian countries, the role of the region in international relations and security. The conference is scheduled to take place every two years.





PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI



Przegląd Wschodni (Eastern Review) is a quarterly academic journal published in conjunction with the Centre for East European Studies since 1991. It is dedicated to the history of Eastern Europe and Russia as a cultural-political region from the Middle Ages up to contemporary times. The most outstanding scholars of history, culture and art history, literature, linguistics, geography, demography, ethnology and other subjects, undertake to analyse a broad range of issues related to the region's common cultural heritage and differences between nations inhabiting the region.

The editorial committee is composed of Jan Malicki (editor) and Jolanta Sikorska-Kulesza (managing editor). The editing office is headed by Michał Piekarski. Members of the *Przegląd Wschodni* international advisory board are amongst the most outstanding scholars and researchers in Poland and the world.

PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI

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COVER AND TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE FIRST EDITION OF PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI, 1991

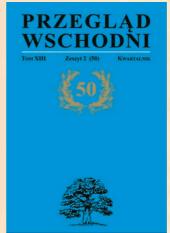
The subject of works published in *Przegląd Wschodni* is the broadly understood Eastern European region, which is sometimes expanded to include Siberia, the Kingdom of Poland or even Galicia. Chronologically it encompasses the Middle Ages all the way to the present, with a special emphasis on the turn of the 19th and 20th century and the interwar period. An important contribution of *Przegląd Wschodni* to the academic world is the publication of source materials.



MEMBERS OF THE PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI ORGANIZING TEAM, STEFAN RAKOWSKI (+ 2000) AND INGA KOTAŃSKA, PAFAC STASZICA IN WARSAW 1993

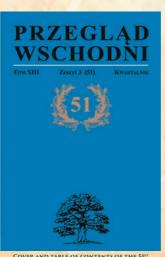
The works of authors from different countries in the region are published on the pages of *Przegląd Wschodni*, often reflecting different points of view on the subject at hand. In this way, the reader is able to compare Polish research with related research conducted in recountries. *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni* also publishes the works of laureates of the *Przegl*

In 2015, two special anniversary-edition volumes of *Przegląd Wschodni*, No. 50 and 51, were published.



COVER AND TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE 50th VOLUME OF *Przegląd Wschodni*, anniversary Edition, 2015

Both these anniversary-edition volumes are not only much thicker content-wise, but they also signify the first time *Przegląd Wschod-ni* has been published in *Polish*, English and in regional languages; Belarusian, Ukrainian and Russian. Each text is accompanied by a summary, which is also in Lithuanian.



COVER AND TABLE OF CONTENTS OF THE 51st VOLUME OF PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI, ANNIVERSARY EDITION, 2015













"PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI" AWARD



Since 1994, the Przegląd Wschodni Award is presented to the most outstanding academic works of literature on the subject of Eastern Europe. This prestigious award is well-respected by the Eastern Studies academic community, which is evidenced by the growing interest afforded it each year by authors and publishers, both in Poland and abroad. Amongst its laureates are individuals with various academic backgrounds, including history, law, political science and ethnology. It is also an international award and past winners come from such places as Belarus, France, Germany, Lithuania, Russia, Sweden and the United States. Works that are singled out by the jury are innovative in their approach, their subject matter and relevant to contemporary public life.



ST PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI AWARD 1993 PRESENTATION GALA, SALA ZŁOTA, PAŁAC KAZIMIERZOWSKI UW, 24 FEBRUARY 1994, MEMBERS OF THE JURY AND LAUREATES. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: M. KARP (+ 2004), A. GIEYSZTOR (+ 1999), S. NICIEJA, E. MAŁACHOWICZ, T. JAROSZEWSKI (+ 2000), J. MALICKI



Przegląd Wschodni Award jury members in the Wspólnota Polska building, 1995. From left to right: A. Gieysztor (+ 1993, A. Ajnenkiel (+ 2015), J.M. Nowakowski, I. Kotańska, S. Moskawski, A. Chodkiewicz,



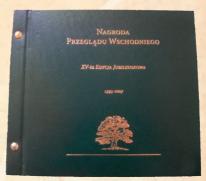
aureates of the *Przegląd Wschodni award* 1995 , Sala Zeota, Pałac Kazimierzowski UW, 1996. From left to right: J. Ostrowski, J. Petrus, R. Aftanazy (+ 2004)



Przegląd Wschodni editor J. Malicki, moments before the start of the Przegląd Wschod Award 2002 Presentation Gala, Sala Balowa, Pałac Potockich UW, 2003



Laureates of the Przegląd Wschodni Award 2013, Sala Balowa, Pałac Potockich UW, 2014. From left to right: W. Kieżun, H. Wisner, T. Smirnowa, D. Frick, A. Jankowska-Marzec



SPECIAL VOLUME COMMEMORATING PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI AWARD LAUREATES, PUBLISHED ON THE OCCASION OF THE AWARD'S 15TH ANNIVERSARY, 2007



JURY MEMBER, ADOLF JUZWENKO, CONGRATULATES 2004 PRZEGLĄD WSCHODNI AWARD LAUREATE Anne Applebaum, Sala Balowa, Pałac Potockich UW, 2010



PUBLICATIONS



During the Centre for East European Studies 25 year existence, besides didactic activities, coordinating scholarship programs and organizing academic meetings and conferences, it has (and continues to) actively be involved in the realm of publishing.

In the section introducing the Centre's origins, the publication *Obóz* – founded in 1981 – was mentioned. This periodical continues to be issued even now, with 53 volumes published to date. This year a special anniversary edition of *Obóz* will be published, containing articles by *Eastern Studies* graduates.

It is also worth noting a few other publications published by the Centre for East European Studies. Two of them are inactive at the moment. The first of these, Bibliografia Europy Wschodniej (East European Bibliography - Poland-Lithuania-Belarus-Ukraine-Russia), was started in 1997. This series contained bibliographies of academic works in different branches of the humanities published after 1991 in Poland, Lithuania, Belarus, Ukraine and Russia, and devoted to East European issues. It was published in independent volumes, with each volume related to a single East European country. 10 volumes were published. Another one of the Centre's periodical on the inactive list is the bi-annual, Informator Wschodni (Eastern Guidebook) edited by Dr. Dariusz Maciak and published in conjunction with the Centre for Eastern Studies (OSW). Informator Wschodni provided information concerning Polish institutions and individuals involved in research of the post-Soviet sphere. Two volumes were puRussia:

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Currently, besides the earlier mentioned Obóz and Przegląd Wschodni, the Centre regularly publishes three other publications. The oldest of them is **Pro Georgia. Journal of Kartvelogical Studies**, appearing since 1991. In its 25 years of activity, it has become one of the most important academic publications dedicated to the wide-ranging subject of Kartvelogical (Georgian) and Caucasian issues, not only in Poland, but in the rest of Europe. In 2015, a 25th anniversary-edition volume will be issued. The editing committee is composed of: David Kolbaia (chief editor), Fr. Henry Parocki, Wojciech Materski and Jan Malicki.

In December 2010, the first volume of the bi-annual *Nowy Prometeusz* (New Prometheus) appeared, jointly published by the Centre and the Common House of Caucasus. The publication contains materials pertaining to the history of the Promethean Movement, as well as contemporary problems in the post-Soviet region. The editing team is composed of Eastern Studies graduates – Hijran Aliyeva (until 2014, chief editor) Aleksandra Gryżlak and Tadeusz Iwański. 2015 heralded the appearance of the 7th and 8th volumes.



ST. GRIGOL PERADZE: COLLECTED WORKS

The Centre's newest publishing venture is the English-language yearly, Warsaw East European Review (WEER), which contains the most outstanding lectures presented at the annual Warsaw East European Conference (WEEC), dedicated to various problems in the

post-Soviet world. The editing committee is composed of Jerzy Kozakiewicz (chief editor), Konrad Zasztowt (managing editor), as well as Jan Malicki, John Micgiel and Wiktor Ross. In 2015, the fifth volume in the series will appear.

In 1998, the series *Biblioteka Obozu* (OBÖZ Library), first published underground, ceased to exist. It was replaced by a new series, albeit with similar interest: *Bibliotheca Europae Orientalis*. The books found in its frames have been divided into three sections: 1) *Studia* 2) *Fontes* and 3) *Didactica*. Over 15 volumes have been published in the series to date, containing articles written or edited by lecturers from the Centre for East European Studies.

It also worth mentioning a unique series: Św. Grzegorz Peradze. Dzieła zebrane (St. Grigol Peradze: Collected Works). It required 10 years to gather, systematize and translate the academic output of the outstanding Georgian professor of the University of Warsaw, martyred in Auschwitz. This was achieved through the tireless work and dedication of Fr. Henryk Paprocki and Dr. David Kolbaia. So far, 3 volumes have been published and volumes 4 and 5 are currently being prepared for printing.

In 2011, the Centre published a **Georgian edition of** *Pan Tadeusz* on the basis of a manuscript from 1955, written by a Georgian officer contracted by the Polish Army during the interwar period. The publication was edited by Dr. David Kolbaia.

As of 2008, the Centre also maintains the online *Biuletyn Informacyjny Studium* (Centre's Informational Bulletin) available on our website. It is currently divided into 8 sections: Russia. Moldova and Ukraine, Lithuania and Belarus, Baltic Countries, Central Europe, the Balkans, Central Asia and the Caucasus.

Each section is updated three times a week with the most up to date news from local media translated into Polish. The BIS chief editor is Maria Przełomiec and the editing team is made up of *Eastern Studies* graduates and scholarship students.







SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAMS



Besides the scholarships which allow students from countries in Eastern Europe, the Caucasus and Central Asia the opportunity to complete M.A. *Eastern Studies*, the Centre for East European Studies also maintains or co-coordinates a number of other scholarship programs for applicants from Eastern Europe.

PARTICIPANTS OF A POLITICAL SCIENCE COURSE ORGANIZED BY THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES, 2005

In the years 2004-2008, the Centre created and ran the "Kurs Studiów Politologicznych" (Political Science Studies Course), financed by the Polish government. Around 70 individuals participated in this scholarship program. The scholarships were for applicants to attend a year-long supplementary political science course within the framework of Eastern Studies at the University of Warsaw. The program was directed at candidates from Belarus, Ukraine, Moldova and Kaliningrad.



SCHOLARSHIP RECIPIENTS OF THE FIRST EDITION OF THE LANE KIRKLAND SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM WITH ZBIGNIEW BRZEZIŃSKI, PAŁAC KAZIMIERZOWSKI UW, 2000

Since the 2000-01 academic year, the Centre takes part in maintaining the *Lane Kirkland Scholarship Program* – initially as the organizer and first coordinator, and recently as the coordinating institution in Warsaw. The scholarships are for candidates interested in issues of change, especially those concerning the economy, nations and societies during periods of transformation. The scholarships are for applicants from Eastern European, Central Asian and Caucasian countries as well as from Russia



Graduates of the Lane Kirkland Scholarship Program receive their diplomas, Pałac Kazimierzowski UW, 2002

The program's sponsor is the Polish-American Freedom Foundation and its patron, Lane Kirkland, the legendary American union leader and supporter of *Solidarność*, who aided the movement during its years underground. Kirkland passed away in 1999.



"YOUNG SCHOLARS" MEET WITH VICE-MINISTER JERZY POMIANOWSKI AT THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, 2011

The *Scholarship Program for Young Scholars* was started in 2003 and is addressed to candidates from Russia, Ukraine, Belarus, Moldova, Central Asia and the Caucasus. The scholarships are intended for the realization of academic training in the form of year-long individual supplementary studies.

Applicants are usually Ph.D. holders, young lecturers or university graduates who wish to continue their studies after returning home. The scholarship enables them to bring back the knowledge they have gained and spread it in their home country. Scholarship recipients receive academic supervision from specialists in their chosen subject of interest. Academic supervisors also later act as promoters for scholarship recipients when they write their final papers.

Each year, 70 scholarship students take part. They are young humanities students that improve their qualifications during a 9-month apprenticeship at any one of the best schools of higher education in Poland. Since its inception, over 500 individuals have taken part in the program.



KRZYSZTOF SKUBISZEWSKI SCHOLARSHIP POSTER, 2012

The Centre also acts as the academic coordinator for the *Krzysztof Skubiszewski Scholarship*, under the patronage of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Poland. The program was funded in 2001, by the family of Krzysztof Skubiszewski and is available to candidates from Central Europe, the Balkans, the Baltic states, Eastern Europe, Russia, Central Asia and the Caucasus region.

From 2001-2009, the Centre for East European Studies was also the academic coordinator of scholarships granted by the German Historical Institute in Warsaw. The scholarships are 1-2 months long and available to young historians from Ukraine, Belarus, Lithuania, Latvia and Kaliningrad. Each scholarship recipient receives an academic supervisor selected by the Centre. Over 40 historians from Eastern Europe have taken advantage of this scholarship.





EAST EUROPEAN WINTER SCHOOL



The Jan Nowak-Jeziorański College of Eastern Europe in Wrocław and the Centre for East European Studies UW have been jointly organizing the East European Winter School since 2004. It is (as opposed to the Summer School, which is directed at young researchers) intended for students in their final year of M.A. studies in humanities, from countries formerly part of the USSR and Communist Bloc. We already have over 300 graduates from 15 countries in Central and Eastern Europe.

KOLEGIUM EUROPY WSCHODNIEJ We Wrocławiu

STUDIUM EUROPY WSCHODNIEJ UNIWERSYTETU WARSZAWSKIEGO
We współpracy z Uniwersytecem Wrochawskim i Zakladem Narodowym im. Ossolińskich

PIERWSZA

WSCHODNIEJ UNIWERSYTETU WARSZAWSKIEGO
WE WSpółpracy z Uniwersytecem Wrochawskim i Zakladem Narodowym im. Ossolińskich

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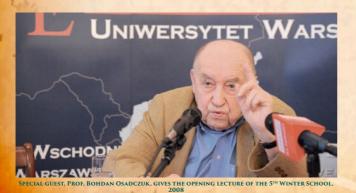
WSCHODNIEJ SACONA

MEDZYNARODOWA SZKOŁA HISTORII I WSPÓŁCZESNOŚCI EUROPY ŚRODKOWEJ I WSCHONNEJ
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For many of the Winter School participants it is their first academic trip to Poland. Teaching students in their last year of studies, preparing their M.A. theses and reflecting on the continuation of their studies in the future, affords us the opportunity to achieve far-reaching

 ${\bf Many\ graduates\ of\ the\ Winter\ School\ go\ on\ to\ take\ {\it Eastern\ Studies}\ or\ take\ advantage\ of\ other\ scholarship\ programs.}$

and permanent results.



The Winter School program consists of lectures and seminars presented by professors from Polish academic and research institutions, as well as from abroad. Among them are graduates of the East European Summer School, now giving lectures to their younger colleagues. The subject of the Winter School is based on a wide variety of historical and contemporary problems concerning Central and Eastern Europe.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE 11TH WINTER SCHOOL VISIT JASNA GÓRA, 2012

The Winter School also has a cultural program. Participants tour Warsaw and Wrocław; visiting museums and meeting with representatives of art and culture.

Lecturers of the Winter School have included, among others: Jan Nowak-Jeziorański (Warsaw), Bohdan Osadczuk (Berlin), Leopold Unger (Brussels), Andrzej Wajda (Warsaw), Jerzy Pomianowski (Kraków), Jerzy Stępień (Warsaw), Elizbieta Stadtmueller (Wrocław), Andrzej Ananicz (Warsaw), Erics Jekabsons (Riga), Cornelius Ochmann (Berlin), Jan Holzer (Brno), Mykoła Riabczuk (Kiev), Rustis Komuntavicius (Kovno), Imre Molnar (Budapest).



WINTER SCHOOL PARTICIPANTS VISIT THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SALA IM. J. GIEDROYCIA MSZ, 2013



DIPLOMA PRESENTED TO ONE OF THE GRADUATES OF THE 12TH WINTER SCHOOL FROM UKRAINE, 2015



BILATERAL SCHOOLS



The organization of the so-called "National Schools" project was the Centre's response to the need to educate future elites and leaders of social change, as well as leaders in the realms of science, culture, politics, the media and civil society that are actively engaged in building a civil society in East European countries.

To date the Centre of East European Studies has organized the following National Schools:

Polish-Russian School (2007-2012 and 2014)

Polish-Ukrainian School (2008)

Polish-Caucasian School (2008)

Polish-Moldavian School (2008)

Polish-Belarusian School (2008)

The National Schools are intended to promote discussion on the subjects of history, contemporaneity, place and image of the students' countries in Europe, as well as their mutual relations with Poland amidst the backdrop of transformation and change in Europe and the World. During the National School, participants have the opportunity to learn, enter into new academic environments and meet distinguished scholars, as well as exchange ideas and experiences. The knowledge and information learned during the National School is utilized by participants in their later research and studies.



Participants of the First Polish-Russian School with Andrzej Wajda, Sala Narożna, Pałac Potockich UW, 2007

National School participants are Ph.D. candidates, young scholars, artists, journalists, publishers and social activists. The National School program has been in existence since 2007 and over 250 young people from Eastern Europe have taken part in it.

Unfortunately most of the National Schools no longer receive supplementary funding and currently, only the Polish-Russian School is still organized. It has been under the patronage of Sokrates Starynkiewicz (1820-1902) – a Russian general and President of Warsaw (1875-1892), with two monuments erected in his honor by the Poles themselves – and Dmitry Filosofov (1872-1940) – publicist, literary critic and political activist.



POLISH-BELARUSIAN SCHOOL, UNIVERSITY OF BIAŁYSTOK, DECEMBER 2008. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: JAN MALICKI, SOKRAT JANOWICZ, ANDRZEJ SADOWSKI



PARTICIPANTS OF THE POLISH-UKRAINIAN SCHOOL IN FRONT OF THE PRESIDENTIAL PALACE IN WARSAW NOVEMBER 2008



ADAM DANIEL ROTFELD GIVES THE OPENING LECTURE OF THE 5TH POLISH-RUSSIAN SCHOOL, 2012





Panel discussion during the Polish-moldovan School, 2008. From left to right: Stanislaw Koziej, Andrzej Ananicz, Wiktor Ross





Lew Sapieha Award & Ivan Wyhowski Award



The Lew Sapieha Award is under the honorary patronage of the Office of the Polish President. The award was established on the initiative of the Centre for East European Studies of the University of Warsaw and the College of Eastern Europe in Wrocław. In addition, it is is supported by the University of Warsaw, the Jagiellonian University in Kraków, Adam Mickiewicz University in Poznan, the University of Wrocław and the University of Białystok.



LEW SAPIEHA AWARD CEREMONY, SALA SENATU UW, 2013. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: B. BORUSEWICZ (CHAIRMAN OF THE POLISH SENATE), H. WEIJEC (REPRESENTATIVE OF THE POLISH PRESEIDENT), P. RUDKOUSKI (2013 LAUREATE), A. LAHVINIEC (2012 LAUREATE), J. JANUSZKIEWICZ (2007 LAUREATE)

The main conception behind the award is that laureates of the award give lectures during the academic year at various universities. There they are offered good living and working conditions, and they are able to give lectures on subjects connected to the history and contemporaneity of Belarus, thereby presenting Polish students with the opportunity to become more familiar with Belarusian issues. Simultaneously, laureates have the opportunity to realize their own academic and archival research ambitions through access to the largest academic libraries in Poland.

The aim of the award is to recognize and honor Belarusian citizens for their achievements in the shaping and development of civil society in Belarus and in building an independent and democratic Belarus; open to Europe and invoking the finest historical traditions of the Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth. The award ceremony takes place each year at the University of Warsaw on April 4, the birthday of the award's patron – Lew Sapieha, Court Secretary to King Stefan Batory, as well as Grand Chancellor and Great Hetman of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania.



LEW SAPIEHA AWARD JURY AND LAUREATE, SALA NAROŽNA, PAŁAC POTOCKICH UW, 2015. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: R. RADZIK, J. A. DĄBROWSKI, I. SORKINA (LAUREATE), E. SMUŁKOWA, T. TOMASZEWSKI, M. GAWĘCKI, M. FLIS, B. GODLEWSKA-ŻYSKIEWICZ, J. MALICKI

Award laureates include: 2006 – Dr. Walancin Hołubieu, historian (Minsk); 2007 – Dr. Jazep Januszkiewicz, literary scholar (Minsk); 2008 – Dr. Siarhiej Tokć, historian (Grodno); 2009 – Dr. Aliaksandr Žłutka, philologist (Minsk); 2010 – Dr. Uladzimir Liakhouski, historian (Minsk); 2011 – Dr. Andrei Liakhovich, political scientist (Minsk); 2012 – Dr. Aliaksandr Lahviniec, historian (Minsk); 2013 – Piotr Rudkouski, philosopher and the ologian (Konvalishki); 2014 – Dr. Ina Sorkina, historian (Grodno); 2015 – Prof. Aliaksandr Smalianchuk, historian (Grodno) and Dr. Aliaksandr Bialacki, a human rights activist from Minsk, who won the award in 2012, but was unable to receive it at the time as he was in prison.



DIPLOMA OF THE IVAN WYHOWSKI AWARD, 2015

The Ivan Wyhowski Award was established in 2014, by the Centre for East European Studies UW and was created in order to honor the achievements of Ukrainian citizens in the areas of science, culture and public life, as well as shaping the progress of civil society in Ukraine and the building of a democratic Ukraine in a European direction and in keeping with the best traditions of the former Rzeczypospolita, also taking into consideration historical, contemporary and future relations between Ukraine, Poland and Europe.



IVAN WYHOWSKI AWARD JURY AND LAUREATES, SALA SENATU UW, 2014. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: B. HUD D. ZIOLKOVSKIY, V. GORCHYNSKA, A. NOWAK, J. MALICKI, V. KHARKHUN, M. FLIS, S. CZOPEK, J. A. DABROWSKI, U. PAPROCKA-PIOTROWSKA, B. GODLEWSKA-ZYKLEWICZ, J. WITKOS, H. WUJEC

Laureates of the award are specialists in humanities-related studies and are given the opportunity of a year-long academic stay at any one of six Polish universities. There they give lectures connected to the history and contemporaneity of Ukraine and the region, or related to Polish-Ukrainian relations. They are also afforded the opportunity to conduct their own archival and research studies. The award also grants apprenticeships to Ukrainian scholars in the areas of science, social science and economics for a period of four months at one of two Polish universities. The award is supported by 21 Polish institutions of higher learning. The Ivan Wyhowski award is under the patronage of the President of Poland.



IVAN WYHOWSKI AWARD JURY AND LAUREATES, SALA ZŁOTA, PAŁAC KAZIMIERZOWSKI UW, 2015. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT KNEELING: S. SHYYDIJK, Y. STETSYSHYN, V. KUTIA, V. KUSNEZH, V. DOLINOVSKYI, V. LIATSENKO, M. SHARAN, FROM LEFT TO RIGHT STANDING: R. MOTORYN, N. MINENKOVA, M. KHMELYARCHUK, J. A. DĄBROWSKI, Y. HORLOW, S. TRZCIELINSKI, A. SIWK, B. FIŁDOR, M. NAKONIECZNY, S. CZOPEK, M. FILS, A. NOWAK, T. KAPITANIAK, A. JEZIERSKI, M. SZYADBŁ, A. JUZWENKO, J. PAJAK, J. MALICKI





KONSTANTY KALINOWSKI SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM



The government-sponsored Konstanty Kalinowski Scholarship Program – under the patronage of the Polish Prime Minister – is the largest program in Europe that lends assistance to young Belarusians unable to study in Belarus due to their political views.



Signing the Konstanty Kalinowski Scholarship Program Letter of Intent – Prime Minister Kazimierz Marcinkiewicz and alaksandr milinkiević, opposition candidate for the office of President of Belarus, 30 March 2006, A. Mickiewicz hall, Auditorium Maximum UW

The elections on 19 March 2006 in Belarus led to mass protests and, consequently, to large-scale arrests and mass repressions against opposition activists. The program was created due to the immediate response to events in Belarus by the Polish government and authorities of Polish higher education institutions. On 30 March 2006, Prime Minister Kazimierz Marcinkiewicz and Alaksandr Milinkievič, representative of the United Democratic Forces of Belarus, as well as university rectors representing the Conference of Polish University Rectors (KRUP) and the Conference of Polish Academic School Rectors (KRASP), signed a Letter of Intent at the University of Warsaw. As a result, a previously unforeseen opportunity to educate new Belarusian elites in a democratic and European spirit was made possible.



MEETING IN "THE BIRTHPLACE OF SOLIDARNOŚĆ", GDANSK SHIPYARD. ANNA WALENTYNOWICZ AND SCHOLARSHIP RECIPIENTS DURING A FIELD TRIP AROUND POLAND AS PART OF THE PREPARATORY COURSE FOR SCHOLARSHIP RECIPIENTS. AUGUST 2006

The patron of the newly created Scholarship Program became Konstanty Kalinowski (1838-1864) – he took part in the January Uprising and was the plenipotentiary of the insurgent government on the territory of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania. He was later executed in Wilno He is remembered as a defender of Belarusians and their culture and continues to be widely respected among Belarusians. The program is attached to the Centre for East European Studies UW.

Each year, after completing a 6-week preparation course, scholarship recipients are assigned to appropriate studies at universities all over Poland. In order to integrate and acclimatize each new group of students, the Centre organizes an annual meeting of all the scholarship recipients in Białowieża.



GRADUATE REUNION IN MOSTOWLANY, THE BIRTHPLACE OF KONSTANTY KALINOWSKI, DECEMBER 2008

As of 2015, 206 students study under the auspices of the Konstanty Kalinowski Scholarship Program and 273 individuals have graduated the program. In 2012, the first reunion and conference of scholarship graduates took place in Warsaw. The second reunion took place in Białowieża in 2014.



PARTICIPANTS OF THE ANNUAL MEETING ORGANIZED FOR NEW SCHOLARSHIP STUDENTS LIGHT CANDLES AT THE CROSS COMMEMORATING THE SPOT WERE GEN. JÓZEF BULAK-BALACHOWICZ WAS ASSASSINATED, BILACOWIEZA, DECEMBER 2014







S.E.N.S.E.

STRATEGIC ECONOMIC NEEDS AND SECURITY EXERCISE



In 2006-08, the Centre for East European Studies – on behalf of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs – was the coordinator of the S.E.N.S.E. (Strategic Economic Needs and Security Exercise) program, offering training to government, public administration and non-government officials from various countries, mostly in Central and Eastern Europe. The training sessions were prepared in cooperation with the Polish Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the United States Institute of Peace (USIP) and took place at the War Games and Simulation Centre of the Polish National Defense University in Rembertów.

PARTICIPANTS OF "S.E.N.S.E.-BELARUS" FOR CIVIL SOCIETY GROUPS, 2006

The program consisted of two parts: academic classes and a computer simulation. In the first part, participants attended a cycle of wide-ranging seminars discussing issues related to systemic, economic and social transformation. The seminars were taught by former senior state officials with hands-on experience during the transformation process in Poland, including: Aldona Kamela-Sowińska, Halina Wasilewska-Trenkner, Radosław Sikorski, Jerzy Stępień, Jerzy Regulski, Stanisław Koziej and Henryk Szlajfer.



PARTICIPANTS OF "S.E.N.S.E.-AZERBAIJAN" DURING THE SIMULATION WORKSHOP AT THE NATIONAL DEFENSE TINIVERSITY. 2007



PARTICIPANTS OF "S.E.N.S.E.-UKRAINE" DURING THE SIMULATION WORKSHOP WITH THEN POLISH DEFENSE MINISTER RADOSŁAW SIKORSKI, 2006

The second part was comprised of training in negotiation techniques and conflict resolving methods, as well as a computer simulation. The simulation was carried out on the basis of a license granted to the Centre for East European Studies by USIP. Three training sessions were held in 2006 for government, business and NGO representatives from Moldova (July) and Ukraine (September-October). Representatives of independent civil society from Belarus also received training in December. Representatives of Azerbaijan and Georgia underwent training in 2007. Two training sessions were attended by groups from Serbia, Afghanistan and Ukraine in 2008. So far, 330 people have taken part in these training sessions.



PARTICIPANTS OF "S.E.N.S.E.-SERBIA" DURING SEMINARS LED BY A. KAMELA-SOWIŃSKA AND S. KOZIEJ PERTAINING TO TRANSFORMATION ISSUES, 2008



PARTICIPANTS OF "S.E.N.S.E.-UKRAINE", PAŁACYK MSZ, UL. FOKSAL, 2008

The S.E.N.S.E. workshop is a computer simulation based on making decisions in a post-conflict environment. The simulation was created by the American Institute for Defense Analyses. During the workshop, each participant is given a certain role – politician, NGO worker, business person or representative of an international organization. Players function in the realities of the fictional ethnically divided country of Akrona, while attempting to make desions appropriate to achieving the goal set before them. A great advantage of the simulation is that it is possible to observe the long-term effects of a player's decisions and activity. The training coordinator on behalf of the Centre for East European Studies is Dr. Andrzej Ananicz.



PARTICIPANTS OF "S.E.N.S.E.-AFGHANISTAN", PAŁAC KAZIMIERZOWSKI UW, 2008





INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION



On 12 April 2006, on the initiative of the Centre for East European Studies, a Consortium made up of Ukrainian Universities and the University of Warsaw was formed. At the moment it consists of the following schools:

University of Warsaw Ternopil National Pedagogical University Ukrainian Catholic University in Lviv Chernivtsi National University National University of Ostroh Academy Kamianets-Podilskyi National University Volhynia National University in Lutsk National University of Kyiv: Mohyla Academy Prykarpattia National University Zhytomyr National University Institute of Slavic Studies in Rivne Kharkiv National University Sumy National Pedagogical University



RECTORS OF THE CONSORTIUM OF UKRAINIAN UNIVERSITIES AND THE UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW ALONG WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE POLISH CONSULATE IN 1UV, 13 MAY, 2013. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: M. ZIENIEWICZ, M. ORLIKOWSKI, J. DROZD, M. PAŁYS, J. MALICKI, B. BUYAK. IN THE SECOND ROW: T. MARUSYK, S. KOPYLOV, I. CEPENDA, I. KOCAN, I. PASICHINYK, P. SAUCH.
IN THE THIRD ROW: S. IGNATIEV, I. SHTEJMILER, Z. NAZIROV, V. MELNYCHUK, Y. REDUVA, V. STRUTYNSKYI

The main goal of the Consortium is supporting cooperation between the University of Warsaw and universities in Ukraine, such as student and staff exchanges, mutual research and publication projects, conferences (the cyclical East European Students' Conference) and summer schools

The Consortium's aim is also the development of Eastern Studies and the promotion of Eastern and Central European research within the region. In order to realize this goal, four universities have begun a program of joint Eastern Studies: National University of Kyiv--Mohyla Academy, Ukrainian Catholic University in Lviv, Prykarpattia National University in Ivano-Frankivsk and National University of Ostroh Academy.



MEETING OF THE CONSORTIUM OF UKRAINIAN UNIVERSITIES AND THE UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW IN CHERNIVTSI, 18-19 SEPTEMBER. 2011. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: J. REDKWA, A. SKYDAN, J. MALICKI, A. KUZMA H. LITWIN, S. MENYCHUK

During the Consortium meeting in October 2014, it was decided to initiate "Consortium Awards" for the best book published at a Consortium university, as well as the best publication resulting from Ph.D. research.

In 2013, in recognition of his efforts to strengthen Polish-Ukrainian academic cooperation, Dir. Malicki was awarded the title of Doctor honoris causa from Ostroh Academy and Prykarpattia National University in Ivano-Frankivsk. In 2014, the senate of the National University of Kyiv, Mohyla Academy bestowed Dir. Malicki with the title of Professor honoris

The Centre also possesses much experience in cooperating with academic institutions in the Southern Caucasus. In 2006, as a result of an agreement signed between Ivane Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University and the University of Warsaw, The Caucasus Bureau, formally an academic unit of the Centre, was established.

The Caucasus Bureau 's managing secretary, Krzysztof Łukjanowicz, works in Tbilisi and his activities are coordinated by the head of the Centre's Caucasian Seminar, Dr. David Kolbaia. The Caucasus Bureau's most important responsibilities include the organization of cooperation between academic units of the University of Warsaw and South Caucasian universities, academic and organizational assistance for Polish scholars and students conducting research in Georgia, the organization of library materials sent by units of the University of Warsaw and cooperation with the Polish Embassy in Tbilisi in organizing academic and cultural events in Georgia

The Centre's achievements were recognized by the President of Georgia, Mikheil Saakashvili, who awarded the Order of Georgia to Dir. Malicki and Col. Tadeusz Krząstek in 2011, as well as to Dr. David Kolbaia in 2013, for their contributions to the development of Polish--Georgian relations









INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION



The Centre's achievements in furthering academia in Georgia have also been recognized. In 2008, the St. Grigol Peradze Tbilisi Teaching University awarded the title of Doctor honoris causa to Director Jan Malicki, Dr. David Kolbaia, and Fr. Henryk Paprocki, a close collaborator of the Centre.

DOCTORS HONORIS CAUSA AT THE ST. GRIGOL PERADZE TBILISI UNIVERSITY, 15 SEPTEMBER 2009. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: FR. H. PAPROCKI, DIR. J. MALICKI AND DR. D. KOLBAIA

Another form of international academic cooperation is the M. A. Rasulzade Scholarship, jointly funded by the Centre for East European Studies and the Slavic University in Baku. It is intended for students of the University of Warsaw to study at the Slavic University in Baku. The program for Baku Slavic University scholars for study at the University of Warsaw, in turn, is the J. Piłsudski Scholarship. The first scholarship recipient from the University of Warsaw was Dir. Malicki, who presented a series of lectures on the Promethean Movement to students and Ph.D. candidates at the Slavic University.

The Centre also closely cooperates with Vytautus Magnus University in Kovno. On 26 November 2009, on the basis of this cooperation, Dir. Malicki became one of the co-founders of the Institute of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania. The institute's primary goal is cultivating, researching and propagating the legacy of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania. Besides its research and publication activities, the institute organizes lectures, conferences and various training schools. In 2013, the institute established the Prof. Juliusz Bardach Award. The late Prof. Bardach was an eminent historian and leading researcher on the subject of the Grand Duchy.



CONFERENCE OF THE INSTITUTE OF THE GRAND DUCHY OF LITHUANIA IN WARSAW, SALA SENATU UW, 30 JUNE, 2012. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: J. KOMAR, A. PUKSZTO, J. MALICKI, R. KAMUNTAVICIUS



President of Azerbaijan, Ilham Aliyev, visits the University of Warsaw for a meeting organized by the Centre for East European Studies, Sala Senatu UW, 31 March 2005

The Centre is always represented at the Congress of Belarusian Studies, organized by Vytautus Magnus University.



PROF. ALAIN BESANÇON IS AWARDED THE TITLE OF DOCTOR HONORIS CAUSA BY THE UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW (BY THE CENTRE'S INITIATIVE). FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: J. ADAMOWSKI (HEAD OF THE FACULTY OF JOURNALISM AND POLITICAL SCIENCE), A. BESANÇON (DR. H.C.), M. PALYS (UW RECTOR), J. MALICKI (PRESENTING THE EULOGY)

The Centre's international cooperation allows students of *Eastern Studies* various opportunities for travel abroad. As part of the *Erasmus Program*, our students have studied at Regensburg University, Masaryk University in Brno and Vytautus Magnus University in Kovno. Students may also take advantage of various exchange programs, often opting to travel to Georgia and Russia. From 2010-2015, students and graduates of *Eastern Studies* took part in the *Leon Wasilewski Apprenticeship* program, during which they worked at the office of MEP Paweł Kowal at the European Parliament in Brussels.



VISIT OF PROF. GIORGI KHUBUA, RECTOR OF IVANE JAVAKHISHVILI TBILISI STATE UNIVERSITY, 19 MARCH 2008. From left to right: D. Kolbaia, J. Malicki, A. Szengelaja, G. Khubua, K. Chaeasińska-Macukow, W. Tygielski



MEMBERS OF THE UW DELEGATION IN BAKU PAY THEIR RESPECTS AT THE GRAVE OF PAWEL POTOCKI (POLISH ENGINEER AND OIL EXTRACTION EXPERT) ON THE COAST OF THE CASPIAN SEA, 2005. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: K. RAWSKA-GÖBECKA (POLISH EMBASSY IN BAKU), L. MRÓZ AND J. MALICKI (UW), W. GÓRECKI (POLISH EMBASSY IN BAKU), W. TYGIELSKI (UW)



ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORY ON THE POP IVAN MOUNTAIN

The concept of the Polish-Ukrainian Centre for Young Scholars was brought about through the cooperation of the Centre for East European Studies UW and V. Stefanyk National University of Prykarpattia in Ivano-Frankivsk in 2006.



Winning project for the construction of the University of Warsaw Astronomical Observatory at the summit of Pop Ivan, 1936

The project was presented to the Presidents of Poland and Ukraine in July 2007, who subsequently mentioned the project in a shared Polish-Ukrainian presidential addresses and gave it their full support. The project was included in several "Road Maps" documents signed between the two countries (2007-2011). The project falls under the honorary patronage of the President of Poland and the President of Ukraine. The Polish-Ukrainian Centre

- for Young Scholars project consists of three parts:

 1. Restoration of the UW Astronomical Observatory on the summit of Pop Ivan in Charnohora:
- 2. Construction of new facilities to house the Polish-Ukrainian Centre for Young Scholars
- 3. Opening the "Stanisław Vincenz Polish-Ukrainian Centre for Cooperation"



THE OBSERVATORY IN WINTER, 2009/10

The most advanced element of the project is the restoration of the Józef Piłsudski Meteorological and Astronomical Observatory, which was completed in 1938 on the summit of Pop Ivan in the Charnohora mountain range, right on the border of Poland and Czechoslovakia (in 1939 Poland and Hungary), now part of Ukraine. A mountain lodge is set to be built there, creating a symbolic destination for the mountain treks of Polish and Ukrainian students, as well as fulfilling a didactic and research role - including practical experience for students of astronomy, botany, geography, etc. The site will also serve as a lookout point and permanent base for the Ukrainian Mountain Rescue Service and the Polish-Ukrainian School of Mountain Rescue.



SUNSET ON POP IVAN, VIEWED FROM THE OBSERVATORY, NOVEMBER 2013

Since 2011 the project receives grants from the Polish Ministry of Culture. Initially, these grants were used in order to evaluate the architectural and technical state of the site and the renovation project. Currently these grants fund the restoration and renovation of the site.

The realization of the Polish-Ukrainian Centre for Young Scholars is especially important considering how difficult and complicated Polish-Ukrainian relations have been in the past and continue to be in some areas. The project creates the opportunity for the construction of a place and institution guaranteeing a space for the cooperation of academic circles and young intellectual elites of both countries in the not so distant future.



THE
OBSERVATORY
ON POP IVAN IN
CHARNOHORA.
THE SUMMIT OF
POP IVAN IS 2028 POP IVAN IS 2028
M AND LOCATED
20 KM FROM
VERKHOVYNA
(FORMERLY
ŻABIE). IT IS THE
THIRD HIGHEST





INES AGAIN AFTER THE ROOF IS COVERED WITH COPPER SHEET POP IVAN. SEPTEMBER 2012



THE ROTUNDA OF THE ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORY IS SAVED FROM THE ELEMENTS FOLLO INSTALLATION OF THE ROOF, POP IVAN, 15 NOVEMBER 2013





AFTER THE SMOLENSK CATASTROPHE

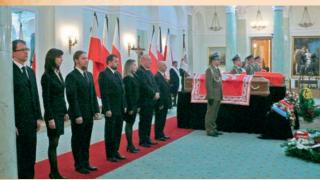


During a flight to commemorate the 70th anniversary of the Katyn Massacre, a group of nearly 100 people, including Polish President Lech Kaczyński and wife, Presidential Ministers, the Deputy Speakers of the Polish Sejm and Senate, the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, MPs, Senators, Generals and Commanding Officers of various branches of the Polish Armed Forces, bishops and clergymen of various faiths, as well as descendants of the victims of the Katyn Massacre, all perished. The catastrophe also claimed the lives of many close friends of the Centre for East European Studies – people who were very close to us, for whom "Eastern issues" were just as important as they are for us, and with whom we often cooperated on various projects.

On the day of the tragedy and in the following weeks, the whole country went into deep mourning. In the East, the catastrophe also evoked great sadness and regret. The Centre received many messages of commiseration from universities, colleagues and lecturers, as well as former students and scholarship recipients from many countries in the region. On the day of the tragedy, the Centre's website was made dark and news of the catastrophe was posted in Polish, English, Russian, Ukrainian, Belarusian, Georgian, Armenian, Azerbaijani and Lithuanian. We also shared a text, In Memoriam, in which Dir. Malicki remembered the late President of Poland, Lech Kaczyński, and those close to the Centre that lost their lives. We also created an electronic book of condolence, which was quickly filled with warm messages of commiseration from all over the world.



THE CENTRE'S BAND NEXT TO PRESIDENT KACZYŃSKI'S COFFIN. CHAPEL OF THE PRESIDENTIAL PALACE, NIGHT 11/12 APRIL 2010





CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES GUARD OF HONOR COMPOSED OF LECTURERS, WORKERS, AND STUDENTS IN THE PRESIDENTIAL PALACE. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: M. ŁABENDA, D. LEBEDEVA, P. CHARKIEWICZ, W. GÓRECKI, H. ALIYEVA, D. KOLBAIA, J. MALICKI, A. JUZWENKO, W. ROSS, I. JURKOWSKA, A. MIKHNAVEC, J. KOWALCZYK, J. MALICKI, T. KRZĄSTEK

In the days following the catastrophe, workers and students of the Centre for East European Studies gathered at the Presidential Palace to sign the book of condolence. Following the return of the presidential couple to Poland, a group of lecturers, administration staff, scholars and students formed a guard of honor over their coffins.

In commemoration of the tragic event, since 2011, the Centre of East European Studies organizes an annual remembrance meeting attended by both lecturers and students alike. The victims of the Smolensk catastrophe are members of a meritorious group dedicated to "Eastern issues". Each year on 1 and 2 November a delegation from the Centre goes to pay its respects by laying wreaths and lighting candles on their graves.





PAYING RESPECTS AT THE GRAVES OF UKRAINIAN GENERAL MARKO BEZRUCZKO, S. PETLURA'S UKRAINIAN
ARMY (ORTHODOX CEMETERY IN WOLA) AND WALERY SEAWEK (POWAZKI MILITARY CEMETERY)



A GROUP OF WORKERS AND STUDENTS FROM THE CENTRE SIGN THE BOOK OF CONDOLENCE, APRIL 2010

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THE CENTRE'S ENTRY IN THE BOOK OF CONDOLENCE DISPLAYED AFTER THE SMOLENSK CATASTROPHE
IN THE PRESIDENTIAL PALACE, APRIL 2010





EUROPEAN NIGHT OF MUSEUMS



Since the inception of organizing the European Night of Museums on the grounds of the University of Warsaw in 2010, the Centre has been directly involved every year (especially since, along with the University Museum, it was one of the first institutions to support this initiative).

So far, the Centre has presented a variety of rich and colorful, cultural and academic programs related to the East, including an exhibition dedicated to Georgian officers in the service of the Polish Army in 2012 (with the support of the Georgian Embassy and prepared by lecturers such as Col. Tadeusz Krząstek and Dr. David Kolbaia from the Centre), as well as an exhibition entitled: "Ukrainian Revolution: 1987-1991." Those who visited the Potocki Palace in 2013, were able to see the "Pop Ivan Exhibition", dedicated to the reconstruction of the old UW Astronomical Observatory on the summit of Pop Ivan, in Ukraine. In 2013, the Centre's students also contributed, preparing two displays featuring the Balkan region: "Between North and South" and "Kosovo through the Eyes of Students. Society-Culture-Politics."

We have also screened films, presented lectures and organized concerts by Eastern artists. Each year, Andrzej Buczyński, one of our lecturers, organizes educational themed night tours around the UW Campus and surrounding area. We also present our didactic, academic and publishing achievements. We have managed to organize a number of attractions, one of the most spectacular being Dir. Jan Malicki's horseback ride through the University of Warsaw's Main Campus in full Kazakh costume and dressed as a Polish nobleman.



NIGHT OF MUSEUMS 2010 - STUDENTS OF THE CENTRE IN NATIONAL DRESS. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: A. Vertyashkina, M. Kukharenko, A. Rokita, T. Siwuda-Siedlecka, J. Osiński, A. Warecka (kneeling)



NIGHT OF MUSEUMS 2011 – ARMENIAN DANCING IN FRONT OF THE MAIN ENTRANCE TO PALAC POTOCKICH UW



NIGHT OF MUSEUMS 2013 - POP IVAN EXHIBITION, PAŁAC POTOCKICH UW



NIGHT OF MUSEUMS 2012 – THE CENTRE FOR EAST EUROPEAN STUDIES TEAM WITH DIR. MALICKI IN THE REGALIA OF A POLISH NOBLEMAN, UW MANI CAMPUS. FROM LEFT TO RIGHT: A. SKYDAN, A. GRYŻLAK, J. WÓJCIK, J. MALICKI, W. BREWCZYŃSKA, M. PIEKARSKI, T. KRZĄSTEK



NIGHT OF MUSEUMS 2014 – HONOR GUARD IN FRONT OF THE PLAQUE COMMEMORATING UNIVERSITY OF WARSAW PROFESSORS WURDERED DURING THE SECOND WORLD WAR, COMPOSED OF MEMBERS OF THE CYTADELA MILITARY RECONSTRUCTION GROUP DRESSED IN THE UNIVERSE OF PODHALE RIPLES



Night of Museums 2013 – Concert of Ukrainian singer and violinist Tryna Klymbus, Prykarpattia National University in Ivano-Frankivsk, UW main Courtyard



NIGHT OF MUSEUMS 2014 - DIR. MALICKI'S NIGHT RIDE ON HORSEBACK DRESSED AS A POLISH NOBLEMAN, UW MAIN CAMPUS

EXHIBITION BY: A. GRYZLAK AND THE C